ARGONAUTICA

III

Erato, tell me, standing by my side, How, aided by the passion of his bride, Medea, Jason brought the fleece from there To Colchis. Aphrodite's power you share For charming unwed maidens – hence your name Of love. Thus in thick reeds those men of fame In ambush hid. However, they were spied By Hera and Athene who, aside From Zeus and the other gods, in a chamber weighed Their options. Hera, first to speak, assayed 10 Athene: "Zeus's daughter, let me see Your counsel first. What's to be done? Tell me Of some device to take the golden fleece Away from Aeëtes and back to Greece. Or shall they sway the king with gentleness Of speech? For he is full of haughtiness. There is no scheme that ought to stay untried." She spoke. Athene speedily replied: "Hera, these things I too was pondering As you spoke out. As yet, though, not a thing 20 Has struck me that will help these noble men, Though I've weighed many strategies." So then Both fixed their eves upon the ground as they Brooded apart. Then Hera straightaway Expressed the thoughts she had: "Pray come with me To Aphrodite that together we Might get her to persuade her son to dart One of his shafts at the enchantress' heart, Aeëtes' daughter, causing love to spring 30 In her for Jason. That's the very thing! Her schemes will bring the fleece to Greece," said she. Athene liked this clever strategy And gently answered: "Hera, born to learn No lessons from the darts which make folk burn, I know no love-charms but, if what you say Contents you, I'll agree in every way, Though you must speak first at our rendezvous." She spoke and they set off, journeying to Kypris' large home, which her lame husband wrought When first from Zeus, to be his wife, he brought 40 The goddess. To the court they came and there They stood beneath the gallery, just where

The goddess had prepared Hephaestos' bed, But he had gone, as soon as night had fled, To his forge and anvil on a floating isle, In a broad cave, where he in many a style And with the blast of flame had shaped much art; Upon an inlaid seat she sat apart, Facing the door, her snow-white shoulders cloaked With locks that with a golden comb she stroked, About to braid their length. She saw them there And called them in, ceasing to comb her hair, And rose and sat them down. When she'd done that, Starting to bind her uncombed locks, she sat As well, then smiled and hailed them craftily: "Dear friends, what brings you here so tardily? You were not frequent visitors before, Since you are goddesses superior To all of us. Why come now? This address Hera rejoined: "You mock us. But distress Disturbs us. Argo, Jason's ship, is moored Upon the River Phasis, and on board Are all the other heroes. For each one We greatly fear – the labour to be done Is close at hand – but more specifically We fear for Jason. That man I will free Even if he to Hades were to sail To rescue Ixion from his golden gaol Of fetters, while my limbs possess the might, That Pelias, having dodged an evil plight, May not make mock – for his pomposity Denied me sacrifice. Yet previously Was Jason loved by me: at the gateway Of the Anaurus' flood I made essay Of mortal righteousness, and there he met Me, coming from the hunt. The snow had wet The peaks and lengthy ridges, down which poured The torrents that, cascading, rolled and roared. I had assumed the similarity Of an old crone and, thus, he pitied me: He hoisted me and carried me straight through The strong tide on his back - I will value Him always for that. Pelias will not pay For his outrage unless you pave the way For Jason's safe return." She spoke. At that Was Cypris rendered dumb as she looked at The pleading Hera, she with awe and dread

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Was struck, and thus with friendly words she said: "Queen, goddess, may there be no viler thing Than is Cypris if, at your hankering, 90 I undervalue you in word or deed, Whatever my weak hands can do. I need No favour in return." Hera replied With prudence: "Our quest you need not provide With might. No, call your boy-child quietly To captivate with love's intensity For Jason young Medea. I surmise That, should she kindly aid him, being wise In guile, with ease he'll snatch the fleece of gold And sail to Iolkus." This was Cypris told, 100 Who said to both of them: "You he will heed Rather than me: bold-faced he is indeed, But there will be some small shame in his eyes Before you, while he will not recognize My worth but always in contentiousness Disdains me. Angry at his naughtiness, His bow and his ill-sounding darts I mean To break within his sight. For he has been So angry that he threatens that, if I Do not keep off him while he makes a try 110 At stifling his temper, he will do Me mischief." Thus she spoke, and then those two Smiled, looking at each other. Cypris, though, Said in vexation: "Others find my woe Amusing. I should not tell it to all -I know it all too well – but, since you call It pleasant, I'll appeal to and beguile The boy. He'll not deny me." With a smile, Then Hera took her by her slender hand And gently said: "O goddess from the land 120 Of Cythera, do just that immediately. Do not be angry at your progeny: He will not vex you now." That's what she said. She left her seat and, with Athene, sped Back home. Then Cypris went to search the ground In the Olympian glens, and then she found The boy among Zeus's large apple-trees, Apart but not alone – Ganymedes Was with him, whom Zeus once brought through the air To live among the gods, for he was fair 130 And Zeus was smitten. They were gambling With golden dice, which is a common thing For boys together. Eros stood upright

And greedily was holding very tight Many dice in his left hand close to his chest, His cheek with rosy colour sweetly blessed. The other crouched nearby, both taciturn And sad. The two he had he threw in turn, Made angry by Eros's laughing tone. He lost those, too, then wandered off alone, 140 Helpless and empty-handed, unaware Of the approach of Cypris. Standing there Before him, she now held him by the chin And said: "You dreadful rogue, why do you grin In triumph? Did you cheat and sinfully Defeat the innocent lad? Come, do for me A task I'll tell you of, and that fine toy Of Zeus I'll give you (when he was a boy With boyish ways in the Idaean cave, His dear nurse Adrasteia made and gave 150 It to him). It is a well-rounded ball. You'll get no better love-gift, not at all, From Hephaestus. All its zones are gold, and round Each one of them a double seam is bound. Each stitch is hidden; over everything Is a dark-blue spiral. Toss it – it will zing Just like a flaming star. This gift from me You'll get, but you must charm the progeny Of Aeëtes with an arrow from your bow With love for Jason. You must not be slow 160 Or else I'll thank you less." He heard her say These words and revelled, then he cast away All of his toys. He grasped her eagerly And clung on to her robe. He made a plea To give it him at once. But she then drew His cheeks to her and cordially, too, She, smiling, said: "I swear, by you and me, I'll give this present – no chicanery – If that Medea's heart will be injected With love by you. She spoke. Then he collected 170 His dice, then counted all of them, then flung Them in his mother's shining lap, then hung Around his frame his quiver which he'd leant, With its gold sash, against a trunk, then went With his bow straight through the apple-trees which bear Much fruit near Zeus's hall, high in the air Passing through Olympus' gates. Twin poles on high, The highest peaks on earth, held in the sky Steep mountains where the sun, with its first rays,

Begins to redden. He could cast his gaze From here upon life-giving earth as well As sacred streams, the peaks, the ocean's swell, As through the air he flew. A marshy part Of the river held the heroes all apart In ambush on their benches, meeting there In council. Jason spoke. The very air Was hushed as they attended silently, Row upon row in place: "What pleases me, My friends, I'll tell you; and you all must do The task in hand, common to all the crew, As is free speech: let him who locks away His views know that it's he alone this day Who thwarts the army's safe return to Greece. The rest, stay with your arms, enjoy some peace Upon the ship, but I'll be on my way To the palace of Aeëtes to assay The man with words to see if cordially He'll give the fleece to us or not - if he Trusts in his power, he will snub our quest. The sons of Phrixus and, among the rest, Two others I'll take with me. Since we know His former badness, whether we should go To battle or devise some other scheme In lieu of battle-cries shall be our theme. Till we test him with words, let us not wrest The fleece from him by force: it is far best To win him verbally. For frequently That's often met a need, when potency Could hardly win: apt mellowness and ease Prevailed. When his stepmother's knaveries And father's plan to sacrifice him, he Escaped, Aeëtes' hospitality The noble Phrixus had. The wickedest Of men – yes, all – revere Zeus's behest (For he's the god of strangers)." With one voice The youths cheered what he said. No other choice Of action could be heard among the men. He called upon the sons of Phrixus then, Telamon and Augeias. He held the wand Of Hermes. Then at once they passed beyond The reeds and water onto the dry land And where the plain rose up - I understand They call it Circe's. There, line after line Grow many willows, and, attached with twine, Corpses hung from their tops – at this late date

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It's still considered evil to cremate Dead men by the Colchians, while burial And monuments are likewise criminal. Instead, wrapped in untanned oxhides, they are Suspended from the trees some distance far 230 From the city, thereby making earth and air Share equal portions, for the women there Are buried – that's their law. As on they went, In kindly thoughtfulness Queen Hera sent A heavy mist throughout the town that they Might not be seen, as they went on their way, By the vast horde of Colchians. Then again, When they came to the city from the plain And the palace of Aeëtes, she diffused The mist. They stood at the entrance, quite bemused 240 At the king's courts, the broad gates and, around The walls in rows, the columns, while they found, High up, a stone cornice resting upon Its bronze triglyphs. In silence they passed on Beyond the threshold. There were vines nearby, Blooming with dark-green foliage on high; Four ever-flowing fountains stood below (Hephaestus had acquired them). A flow Of milk gushed out of one, another teemed With wine, while odiferous oil outstreamed 250 From a third, the fourth poured water which became, At the Pleiads' setting, warm, yet that selfsame Liquid, when they arose, would bubble out Of the hollow rock, a crystalled, icy spout. In the palace of Cytaian Aeëtes Craftsman Hephaestus had built all of these Wonderful things. Bulls he had made, their feet Of bronze, their mouths as well – a scorching heat Breathed out of them. He'd also forged a plough Of rigid adamant in one piece, a vow 260 Of thanks to Helios, who took him upon His chariot to rest, when he was wan From fighting. There was built an inner square With well-built doors and chambers here and there; On either side there was a gallery, Cunningly fashioned, and, diagonally, There were vet higher homes that faced each other. Aeëtes and his wife lived in another, The loftiest. Another housed his son Apsyrtus, born to a Caucasian, 270 The nymph Asteropodeia, before he

Took young Eidyia into matrimony, Tethys' and Ocean's youngest girl. The name Phaëthon was chosen, since his fame Outstripped all other young men, by the sons Of the Colchians, and then the other ones Housed servants and the two girls of the king -They came upon Medea wandering From room to room, seeking Chalciope, Her sister, who was kept in custody By Hera, unaccustomed to frequent The halls before because all day she'd spent, As priestess, at the shrine of Hecate. She saw them and cried out. Chalciope Picked up the sound at once. Their yarn and thread The maids threw at their feet, then out they sped In droves. When she saw in that company Her sons, she raised her hands in ecstasy. They greeted her likewise; in joy they swept Her up in their embrace and then she wept 290 And said: "So it was not your destiny To travel far and leave me heedlessly And cause me grief. Ah, what a mad desire To travel far to Greece set you afire At your father Phrixus' urging! As he died, He caused my heart sorely to sorrow. Why'd You go to the city of Orchomenus, Whatever that is, and cause calamitous Grief to your mother, for the property Of Athamas?" She spoke. Then finally 300 Aeëtes ventured out, his wife as well, Hearing Chalciope. Then such a swell Of people now were thronging the courtyard. Some slaves with a huge bull were working hard, Some chopping kindling, some bringing to boil Bath-water. None of them left off his toil That served the king. Then, through the murky air, Unseen, flew Eros, causing everywhere Confusion, as a gadfly on a herd Of heifers (oxherds call it by the word 310 Myops) brings havoc. Once he'd strung his bow, From his quiver a virgin arrow, full of woe, He took beneath the lintel. Speedily, Unseen, he crossed the threshold, cannily Looking about, then, gliding nearer to The son of Aeson, notched the cord and drew The bow apart with both his hands, let go

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And struck Medea, who was by this blow Then rendered speechless. Eros laughingly Flew back home from the high-roofed palace; she 320 Had been profoundly pierced, deep in the heart, The bolt like flame. Her eyes would often dart A flashing glance at Jason; from her breast Her heart would thickly pant in its unrest; Her memory was gone and in sweet ache She melted, as a poor woman will take Around a blazing brand some kindling While spinning wool, that in the evening She may have light within the house when she Had been roused early; this small quantity 330 Of flame with wondrous blaze reduced to ash Each stick of wood; so in a hidden flash Destructive Eros round about her twined; Her delicate cheeks, through her distracted mind, Alternately grew sickly pale, then red. After the servants had laid out a spread And they had bathed, they revelled merrily In meat and drink, and then accordingly Aeëtes to his sons-in-law said: "You Sons of Medea and of Phrixus, who 340 Was my most honoured guest, why are you back In Aia? Were you put upon the rack By Fate in your escape? You paid no mind To me when your long journey I outlined. When Helios my father hurried me Behind his steeds I could not fail to see Its length. My sister Circe to the west He was conveying; so we came to rest On the Tyrrhenian shore, where still today She dwells, from Colchis many miles away. 350 What joy is there in words? Then lucidly Say what befell you, who these men may be Who travel with you, and where you touched shore Upon your hollow ship." Argos, before His kin in fear for the son of Aeson's quest, Replied (for he was older than the rest) With gentle words: "Aeëtes, she was split By violent squalls, and then the crew was spit On dry land by a wave in murky night (We'd crouched under the beams) then to alight 360 On Euryalios Isle. We were rescued By some god. In that island's solitude Even the Arian birds that, before then,

Had dwelt there we could not find, for these men Had driven them off when they had come ashore The previous day. Then Zeus felt pity for Our plight (or else some Fate), for he delayed Them there, since straightaway a gift they made Of plenteous food and clothes, once the renowned "Phrixus" they heard, and your name, for they're bound 370 For your own city. If you wish to know Their quest, I'll not withhold it. Longing so To drive this man far from his property And native land because in toughness he Outstrips all of the house of Aeolus, A king contrives a fruitless venture thus For him and threatens Aeolus's line Will not break free from Zeus incarnadine And his great wrath until the fleece is brought To Greece. This ship Pallas Athene wrought, 380 Not one like those you might in Colchis see (We chanced upon its worst epitome Which blasts and fierce winds shattered). This, however, Her bolts hold firm should every squall endeavour To buffet her. She speeds before the breeze As fast as when her oarsmen beat the seas Unceasingly. So Jason chose the best Of Greece's heroes, sailing without rest Through many towns across the angry foam To your domain to take the fleece back home. 390 It shall be as you wish - to use duress He is not here; payment of worthiness He'll give to you, for he has heard from me Of the Sauromatae, your greatest enemy: He'll crush them to your sway. In answer to Your wish to know their names and race, to you I'll tell all. This man, for whose sake did all The others gather out of Greece, they call Jason, grandson of Cretheus, who begat His father Aison. If it's genuine that 400He's of the lineage of Kretheus, he Is our kin from the father's family – Both Athamas and Cretheus Aiolos Begat, and Athamas begat Phrixos. You've heard of Helios' seed? Well then behold Augeias. Here is Telamon, the bold Aeacos' son and Zeus' grandson. The rest With him can trace their lineage to the blessed Immortals." Thus spoke Argos. Nonetheless

This irked the king, angry tempestuousness 410Causing his heart to rise, so testily He spoke, his anger aimed especially At Chalciope's sons. For it was his surmise The Argo came because of them. His eyes Flashed in his fury. "Sinners, disappear At once, you and your tricks. Begone from here Lest someone to his sorrow see the fleece And Phrixus! You and these men came from Greece Not for the fleece but kingly dignity – My sceptre! Had my hospitality 420 Not fed your stomachs, then I would have cut Your tongues and hands off, sending you with but Your feet upon your way and hindering Your setting forth again and perjuring Yourselves before the blessed gods." Thus he In his displeasure spoke. Then mightily The heart of Telamon began to swell Deep down and in his soul he longed to tell A deadly tale to him in confrontation, But Jason hindered him and, in placation, 430 Spoke in his stead: "Aeëtes, with this crew Have patience, please. We have not come to you To do what you surmise. Who'd cross the sea So far to steal a stranger's property? No, no, fate and a ruthless king's command Compelled me. Grant our prayer and through the land Of Greece I'll publish your great prominence. We're ready now to pay swift recompense In war, should you desire to overthrow The Sauromatae or any other foe." 440He spoke with words both mild and flattering. Yet with a two-fold purpose did the king Sit brooding. Should he slay them instantly Or test their strength? The latter seemed to be The better choice to him, so in reply He said: "Why must you tell all, stranger? Why, If you indeed are of the heavenly line, Your stock thus not inferior to mine, I'll give the fleece and gratify your will Once you've been tested. For I bear no ill 450 To honest men, such as the one you say Rules Greece. There'll be a contest to assay Your strength which I can compass though it be A lethal one. Two bulls belong to me, Bronze-footed, grazing on Ares' plateau

And breathing flame. I voke them and we go Through his severe four-acre field. With speed I cleave it to its edge and cast the seed In the furrows – not the corn of Mother Earth But a dread serpent's teeth which then give birth 460 To armed men whom I slaughter with my spear As they attack me from both front and rear. At dawn I yoke my oxen and at close Of day I cease to plough. If feats like those You master, you shall take that very day This fleece back to your king. I'll say you nay Till then, you may be sure. The valorous Should not surrender to the timorous." He spoke, and Jason sat there silently, His eyes fixed downward, his extremity 470 Leaving him helpless. Brooding long, his mind Turned now this way, now that, he could not find His courage for the deed (it seemed so vast). With crafty words he answered him at last: "Aeëtes, you restrict me with your plea Of right. I'll take your challenge, though it be A great one, even if it is the will Of the gods that I should die: no harsher ill Befalls a man than ruinous privation, Which brought me, through a kingly proclamation, 480 To you." He spoke, with helplessness laid low. Aeëtes, though, with words that fit a foe, Replied: "Go to the meeting, since for sweat You yearn, but if you shake with fear to set The voke upon the bulls or should you shy From deadly harvesting, you'll see that I Shall be the victor in all this: in fact Another man may quake to interact With a better." This was his abrupt response. Then Jason rose up from his seat at once, 490 Augeias and Telamon too. Argos, as well, Followed alone and gave a sign to tell His brothers to remain. They left the hall, And Jason's grace and beauty through them all Shone out; the maid with sidelong glances cast Her eyes on him and held her bright veil tight To one side, while her heart was smouldering With pain. Her soul, dream-like, was slithering And flitting in his tracks. In sore distress They left the palace. Now with speediness 500 Chalciope to her room had made repair

With all her sons, for she was taking care To keep far from Aeëtes' indignation. Medea went as well, in rumination About those things the Loves arouse. To her He still appeared - his clothes, his character, His words, the way he sat, the way he went Towards the door: it was her sentiment That there was none like him, while constantly His voice, the honeyed words he spoke would be Upon her ears. For him she worried lest The oxen or the king himself would best And kill him, grieving as though he were slain Outright already, while in her great pain There trickled down her cheek a soft, sad tear. She wept and softly spoke up loud and clear: "Why am I melancholy? Should he die The best or worst of all the heroes, I Say let him meet his doom. Would that he Were safe, however. o Queen Hecate, 520 And sailed back home unharmed. If the gods ordain, However, that by oxen he'll be slain, Let him know in this dread calamity I'll take no pleasure. So oppressed was she By love's bite. When the others left the town And people by the path they'd travelled down From the plain, Jason by Argos was addressed: "Jason, you'll hate my plan but so oppressed Are we that I don't think that we should shun The contest. You have heard me talk of one 530 Young maid who practises some sorcery Through Hecate's advice. It seems to me That, if we trust in her, no longer will We fear to be defeated thus. But still I greatly dread my mother won't agree To do this thing, but, since calamity Is hanging over us, then back I'll go To meet her." These kind words he answered so: "If you believe in what you say, my friend, I'll not refuse. Go to your mother, bend 540 Her ear with crafty words. Wretched indeed Is hope of reaching Hellas if we need To turn to women." Thus he spoke and then They quickly reached the backwater. The men, When they came close, made question joyfully, And Jason answered disconsolately: "My friends, there's anger in Aeëtes' soul

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At us and we will never reach our goal, Nor I nor you. He says on the lowland Of Ares graze two bulls, bronze-footed and 550 Exhaling fire. This four-acre field He bade me plough and said that he would yield To me a serpent's seed, which he will take Out of its jaws and which will later make Earth-born, bronze-armoured men. That very day I must subdue them. This without delay I took upon me, for no better plan Existed." Thus he spoke, and every man Deemed it impossible, while silently Regarding one another, tragedy 560 And helplessness oppressing them. But then At last Peleus spoke up among the men Who led the quest. He boldly stated: "It Is time to plan our move. Yet benefit Comes less from talk than might. If you're intent On yoking Aeëtes' oxen, Jason, bent On tackling this toil, to your vow you'll hold And in your preparations yet be bold, But if you do not trust implicitly Her skill, don't go ahead nor try to see, 570 As you sit there, some other man to take The task upon him. I shan't shrink or quake Since merely death will be the bitterest Of pain for me." He spoke, and Telamon's breast Was stirred. He rose, agog, immediately, Then Idas in his pride made Number Three, Tyndareus' sons and Oineus' son as well, A mighty man, though yet there did not dwell Soft down upon his cheek, so did his breast With courage swell. In silence sat the rest, 580 Taking no part. Then Argos instantly Said to the men who hungered eagerly For the contest: "Friends, it's we who in the end Must act. My mother, I believe, will lend Her timely aid. Now stay a short while more On board, though eager, as you did before – It's better to refrain than carelessly To end up with a tragic destiny. Aeëtes' halls have nurtured a young maid Who learnt to master ably, with the aid 590 Of Hecate, the herbs that Nature grows On land and in the flowing waters: those Can quench a blast of endless flame, impede

At once the roaring rivers as they speed Upon their way and exercise control Over the holy moon from pole to pole And all the stars. We thought of her as we Went from the hall with the expectancy My mother, her own sister, might prevail Upon her now to offer some avail 600 For this contest. If this pleases you, this day To make the trial I'll be on my way Back to Aeëtes' palace. I'll succeed Perhaps with some god's help." He spoke. Indeed The gods gave him a sign of their goodwill: As he fled from a mighty falcon's bill, A dove, trembling with fear, fell from on high Into the lap of Jason. From the sky The falcon fell upon the figurehead, Impaled. Prophetically then Mopsus said: 610 'My friends, this sign is heaven's divination And there is only one interpretation: We must seek out the maid and skilfully Try to persuade her, and it seems to me She'll not deny us if Phineus did say That our return on Aphrodite lay. This gentle bird of hers escaped his fate, So by this falcon I prognosticate My victory. My friends, invoke the shield Of Cytherea and to Argos yield 620 Yourselves." These words were praised by the young men Recalling Phineus's advice. But then Idas, the son of Aphareus, of all The only one, leapt up and, filled with gall, Yelled: "Travellers with women, o for shame! We call on Cypris, not the warlike fame Of Ares, look to doves and hawks to stay Away from toil! Don't think of war! Away! Beguile weak girls!" He shouted eagerly. Though many of his comrades quietly 630 Murmured, not one replied. Back down again He sat in indignation. Jason then Spoke his own mind with this encouragement: "Since all approve this, let Argos be sent Ashore. But we will leave the river and In full view tie our hawsers to the land. We should no longer hide, far from the shout Of battle." Thus he spoke and summoned out Argos at once with orders with all speed

To go back to the city and decreed 640 That they draw up their anchors and then row A little from the marsh, and they did so. At once Aeëtes held a convocation With the Colchians far away from the location Of the palace, where they'd sat before, so he Could plan distress and ruthless treachery For the Minyans. When the oxen tore asunder Him who this heavy task had knuckled under, He threatened that above the leafy height He'd hew the oak-grove down and set alight 650 The ship with all its men, that they might vent Their grief for being proudly insolent In all their schemes. Though he had been distressed, He would not have had Phrixus as a guest -A man in warmth and grace beyond compare – Had Zeus not sent a herald through the air, Hermes, that he might meet a friendly host, He stated, nor would pirates live to boast That they were scatheless there - men resolute On seizing others' goods, who plan astute 660 And wily schemes and with strident sorties Burn peasants' stables. Also, penalties Were due from Phrixus' sons for coming there With sinners and taking, without a care, His honour and his sceptre: earlier, he Had from his father heard a prophecy Most dreadful: Helios told him he must shun The cunning tricks and tactics of each son Of his and their crafty iniquity. So, as they wished, by fatherly decree 670 He sent them to Achaia, far away: His daughters caused no little fear – did they Plan something vile? – and his male progeny, Apsyrtus. But upon the family Of Chalkiope this foul curse would be brought And to these folk he spoke dread things, all wrought In rage. He threatened to keep in his sight The ship and all the crew that no-one might Escape his death. Meanwhile, Argos, who'd gone To Aeëtes' palace, on and on 680 His mother to entreat Medea's aid: She'd thought to do this earlier, afraid, However, lest she pointlessly should seek To beg a maid who feared the fatal pique Of her own father or, should her request

Be met, her deeds would all be manifest. Deep sleep had soothed the maid, taking away Her love-distress as on her couch she lay. But fearful, crafty, grievous dreams appeared: The foreigner had taken on, she feared, 690 The contest not to take away the fleece – He had not travelled from his native Greece To Aeëtes' town, she thought, for this – oh no, He'd hither come to choose a bride and go Back home: she fought the oxen easily, She thought: her parents for their guarantee Had no regard, for her they did not dare To voke the beasts but Jason, and from there Arose between her father and these men Contention of a doubtful issue: then 700 They told her that she should herself decide What she should do and, setting them aside, She chose the stranger. Wretched misery Assailed them and they shouted angrily. Sleep left her with a cry. Quaking with dread, She leapt up, looking, as she lay in bed, At those four walls and barely summoning Her spirit as before and bellowing: "Alas, these gloomy dreams have frightened me; I fear great ill comes from this odyssey 710 Of men. My heart is fluttering with fear For the stranger. Let him far away from here Among his own woo some Achaean maid; Let maidenhood and life at home be laid Upon me. Recklessly, however, I No more shall stay aloof. No, I will try My sister so that I may see if she Will ask my help in the contest, misery Assailing her for her own sons. This may Quench all my grief. "That's what she had to say. 720 She rose, opened the door, barefoot and clad In just one tunic and – for now she had A ven to go and see her sister – went Across the threshold. Standing there, she spent A long time, checked by shame. She turned back then, Then exited once more, then back again She stole; her feet would go hither and yon In vain; as often as she went straight on, Shame kept her in the room. Shame held her fast, Then bold love urged her on again. At last, 730 After three times of turning either way,

She fell upon her bed, in her dismay Writhing. Just as a bride within her room Sits grieving for her young husband to whom Her parents and her brother gave her, nor Yet has conversed with all her servants, for Shame and reserve preclude such things. So she Sits on her own and grieves; some tragedy Has taken him before they can delight 740 In each one's body. At the very sight Of the empty bed she weeps inaudibly, Her heart on fire, lest the women see And mock her. Thus Medea showed her woe. A maid who served her saw her crying so When she came near and told Chalciope Who sat among her sons in reverie On how to coax her sister. When she heard The maid's strange tale, she trusted every word. She rushed straight to her sister's room, alarmed; She lay there in her grief, where she had harmed 750 Her cheeks by clawing. When she saw each eye Tear-filled, she said to her: "Why do you cry, Medea? What is wrong? What dire distress Affects you? Has some god-inspired sickness Assailed your body? Have you maybe heard Your father tell you of some dreadful word Of menace to my progeny and me? Would that my parents' home I may not see, The city neither; rather let me dwell In this earth's limits, where there never fell 760 'Colchis' on human ears." That's what she said. Chalciope with maiden shame blushed red; Though keen to speak, she dared not. Now would speech Rise up to her tongue's tip, now flit to reach Her breast's abyss. It often searched about To leave her lovely lips, but nought came out. At last she spoke with guile, for she was pressed By the swift Loves: "Chalciope, my breast Is trembling for my children, for I dread My father speedily will have them dead 770 Along with all the strangers. Recently, While sleeping for a brief while, did I see Such dreadful dreams. May some god see they go Unrealized and you from dire woe About your sons are free." Thus did she try Her sister, hoping she would first supply Succour. Her sister in oppressive pain

And fear was caught at what she said. Again She spoke: "I, too, to set all this in motion, 780 Have come to you. Do you have any notion That you may put to use? Swear now by Ge And Ouranus that what I say may be Our secret and you'll work with me. I pray By the gods, yourself, your parents, too, that they Will not before your very eyes be fated Unjustly to be foully extirpated, Or else with my dear sons may I die, too, Then afterwards from Hades come to you, A vengeful Fury." Thus she spoke. A tide 790 Of tears then coursed her cheeks. On either side Her hands embraced both of her sister's knees, She laid her head upon her breast, then these Two women shared their grief. The distant sound Of women sorrowing was heard around The halls. Medea answered in the sting Of anguish: "Wretched maid, what can I bring To ease what you have spoken of to me, Your Furies and your dire calamity? Would I could help your sons. The potent vow Of Colchis you urged me to swear just now 800 Be witness, great Ouranos, Mother Ge, You shall not, while there is some strength in me, Lack my support, should all the gods comply With your appeals." She spoke, and in reply Chalciope said: "Have you some device To give the stranger who needs your advice, Some ruse that he might win the tournament And aid my sons? From him Argos was sent To urge my help. I left him and came here." She spoke. Medea's heart capered with cheer, 810 At once her fair cheeks flushed, here eyes aglow Though wrapped in mist, and thus she answered: "O Chalciope, as is to yours and you Sweet and delightful, even so I'll do. May I no longer see daylight, not live A moment longer if I ever give A thought to ought before what will set free You and your sons, who are my family, My brothers, kinsmen, young comrades. It's true I am your sister, and your daughter, too, 820 Because, like them, you took me to your breast When I was tiny, as Mother confessed So often in the past. But hide this act

Of mine so that I may fulfil my pact Without our parents' knowledge. At daybreak Some sorcery to charm the bulls I'll take To Hecate's temple." Then Chalciope, That she might relay to her progeny Her sister's aid, back to her room repaired. Medea, left alone, was greatly scared 830 And wracked with guilt that she had hatched a plan Against her father's will to help this man. Night closed the earth. The sailors on the sea Saw from their ships the stars of Helice And of Orion, while a hankering For sleep assailed those who were travelling And the gatekeepers, and, her children gone Across the Styx, a mother slumbered on: No dogs barked in the town, there was no sound Of men, and pitchy blackness all around 840 Was wrapped in silence. To Medea, though, No sweet sleep came. The son of Aeson's woe Kept her awake: she feared the bulls' fierce might Through which his wretched doom was endless night Upon the field of Ares, while her heart Seethed fiercely as a beam of light may dart Across a house, flung up from water splashed From a cauldron or a bucket, swiftly flashed And dancing here and there, a rapid whirl; So whirled beneath the bosom of the girl 850 Her heart. Here eyes shed tears of sympathy And in her soul there smouldered agony, Round her fine nerves and neck where penetrate The deepest pains, when never the Loves abate From piercing shafts of torture. Now would she Intend to give to him the sorcery To charm the bulls, now would she change her mind And plan herself to die, but then she'd find Her thoughts had turned again – she would remain Alive, not give the charms but bear the pain 860 In silence. Down she sat, still wavering, And said: "Poor wretch, must all these troubles fling Me back and forth? My heart's in misery On every side, and there's no remedy. A constant burn lives there. Would that a dart From Artemis' swift bow had pierced my heart Before I'd seen that man, before that band Of my own sister's sons had reached the land Of Greece. Some Fury or a god has brought

870 To us from thence this torture which has wrought Full many a tear. In the contest may he die If he must perish there. For how can I, Without my parents knowing it, prepare The charms? What story can I give them? Where Is there a cunning, beneficial plan? Should I give greeting when I see the man Without his friends? Poor wretch, I can't foresee That I shall rest from misery, though he Be dead: when he's bereft of life, then woe Will come; now shame, begone, begone, all glow. 880 Saved by my art, let Jason go away And wander where he will, but on that day When he's the victor in the contest, I Shall die, either by fixing way up high A rope to stretch my neck and swallowing Destructive drugs. Still then people will fling Their taunts at me. All cities far away Will shout my destiny. My name shall play In Colchian women's mouths and here and there They'll mock me foully – 'that's the maid whose care 890 For a stranger was so great she died; that's she Who shamed her home and parents; lunacy Destroyed her.' What disgrace shall not adhere To me? It would be better far right here, Alas, to end my life this very night Through some strange fate, for in this way I might Avoid all taunts, thus never having wrought Such dreadful shame." She spoke, and then she brought A box wherein drugs that were remedies And those that kill were kept. Upon her knees 900 She settled it and wept. Incessantly The tears bedewed her bosom; copiously They flowed as there she sat and at her fate Wailed bitterly. She longed to designate A fatal drug to taste. The box's string She now untied, poor creature, hankering To extricate the drug. But suddenly Her heart was filled with dread anxiety Concerning hateful Hades. Checking long This urge, she sat while all around a throng 910 Of life's sweet cares appeared. She contemplated The joys the living share and meditated Her joyous friends, as maids are apt to do; The sun now seemed much sweeter in her view Than heretofore – for every joy she yearned.

The box she now put down, her judgment turned By Hera. Wavering no more, daybreak She longed to look upon that she might take The charms to Jason as she'd vowed to do 920 And meet him face-to-face. Longing to view The dawn, she often locked the bolts. Dayspring Now shed its welcome light that it might bring The people to the streets. Argos then told His brothers to remain there to unfold Medea's plans, though he himself turned round And went back to the ship. Medea bound Her golden hair, which fell in disarray About her, when she first espied the day, And bathed her tear-stained cheeks. Her skin now shone With honeyed salve; a fine robe she put on, 930 Well clasped with brooches, and above her head She placed a shining veil, and then she sped Throughout the palace, heedless of the woes That heaven sent to her and all of those Which were to come. She called her maids to her – The same age as herself, twelve maids there were, Who in the fragrant chamber's portico Would sleep, for whom it was not yet to know A man – and ordered them to speedily Yoke to the chariot mules that she might be 940 To the fair temple of Hecate conveyed. While they prepared the chariot, the maid Took from the hollow box the talisman They call *Promethean* (if any man Should smear himself with it at night when he Makes sacrifice, appeasing Hecate, The only-begotten maid, there will be no Wound made upon him by a bronze sword's blow Nor shall he flinch away from fire; that day He'll prove superior in every way, 950 In prowess and in might). From earth it grew, First-born, when the ravening eagle, as it flew, Upon the vales of Caucasus let fall Tortured Prometheus' blood-like ichor. All Of one full cubit high it bloomed, in hue Like the Corycian crocus, upon two Stalks rising. But the root, within earth's bed, Resembled new-cut flesh. She harvested Its liquid, like a mountain-oak's dark juice, And placed it in a Caspian shell for use 960 In her enchantment, after she had soaked

In seven endless rivers and invoked Full seven times Brimo, youth-nurturing, Queen of the dead, in Hades wandering, In gloomy night, all clothed in black, and when The Titanian root was cut, the dark earth then Shook with a bellow; then Prometheus made A heart-charged groan. She took the charm and laid It in the fragrant band that circled round Her lovely breast. She went outside and found 970 The speedy chariot which she mounted, two Handmaids on either side; she drove straight through The city, having seized the reins, one hand Holding a well-made whip. The rest of the band Of handmaids laid their hands upon the back As they now ran over the ample track, Their flimsy tunics all secured aloft Above their snow-white knees. As by the soft Parthenian waters or, bathed in the rills Of River Amnisus, across the hills 980 Queen Artemis sped in her golden car Behind her swift roes, coming from afar That she may greet a tasty offering, Her nymphs with her; some gathered at the spring Of Amnisus, some gathered in the dales And spring-packed peaks, as beasts kept low their tails In fear at her approach, thus did they speed Straight through the town. The people, taking heed That they not look straight at the royal maid, Made way for her. But when the streets, well-laid, 990 Of the city were behind them and the shrine Beyond the plains was reached, down from the fine Chariot she stepped at once impatiently And to her maids said: "My iniquity Is great: I was not heedful to restrain From foreigners who wander our terrain. The whole city is smitten with dismay; None of the women who'd meet here each day Is present. But since we alone are here, Let us not spare to soothe our hearts with cheer 1000 By singing and let's pluck fair flowers that grow Upon the tender grass and straightway go Back home. You'll leave with many gifts that day If you perform the thing for which I pray. Argos has changed my mind, Chalciope As well. But keep these words you hear from me A secret lest my father hear what I

Have said. As for the stranger, who will try To quell the bulls, I must receive, they state, 1010 The gifts he brings to me and liberate Him from the fatal toil. This gladdened me. I summoned him to come alone that we Might portion out the gifts – mine he will bring While I will give to him a different thing, A deadly charm. When he comes, stand apart." She spoke, and this device pleased every heart. Then was it that Argos rapidly drew Jason from his comrades when he knew From his brothers that Medea now had gone 1020 To Hecate's holy shrine, then led him on Across the plain, and in their company Went also Mopsus, good at augury, Ampycus' son, who counselled well all men Who travelled. Never had there been till when The bride of Zeus made Jason on that day A man like him, to see or have parlay With. His comrades themselves, as they all gazed Upon the son of Aeson, were amazed To look upon those graces as they shone Out of the man, and as they journeyed on 1030 Mopsus rejoiced, already reckoning The end. There was a poplar, burgeoning With leaves, upon the footpath and near by The temple, whither cawing crows would fly To roost. One, on the branches way up high, Now shook her feathers and was heard to cry Hera's counsels: "You do not understand, Poor seer, what *children* know – in all the land No maid will speak sweet nothings to a beau When strangers are about. Non-prophet, go, 1040 You witless thing! No generosity From Cypris or the gentle Loves shall be Breathed on you." Thus did Hera reprehend, And Mopsos smiled a smile that she should send A bird-borne message, so he said: "Repair To Hecate's temple, son of Aeson, where You'll find Medea. Thanks to Cypris, who Will in the contest be a help to you (As Phineus, son of Agenor, foretold), Medea will with kindliness enfold 1050 You to her heart. Argos and I will wait Right here till you return. Propitiate The maid, yourself alone, and cleverly

Win her to you." He spoke sagaciously. Both praised him then. Despite Medea's song, She did not shift her thoughts; never for long Did such amusement bring her much delight. Perplexed, she faltered, though, so that her sight Upon her handmaids wavered, and she tried To see the far-off path, turning aside Her cheek. Her heart was often quivering When she thought that she heard the hurrying Of feet or else the wind. But by and by Into her eager purview, striding high, He came, like Sirius coming from the sea, Which rises fine and clear, though misery That's infinite it brings to flocks. Thus fair To see walked Jason. But a love-sick care, Along with him, came to her. Her heart's core Then tumbled from her breast and, furthermore, Her eyes were misted, while a reddening Suffused her burning cheeks. She could not bring Her knees up, for her feet seemed bound to stay Upon the ground. Her handmaids moved away From them. They stood there, silent, face to face, Like oaks or lofty pines which stand in place Upon the mountains when there is no hint Of wind, in silence, but will, without stint, Murmur when winds breathe on them. Similarly Would they converse, moved by the agency Of Love's sweet breath. And Jason knew a woe Sent down from heaven troubled her, and so He said to her: "Pray tell to me, fair maid, Why, since I'm here alone, are you afraid? I'm not an idle boaster, as some are, Nor was I when in my own land afar. Don't be abashed before me to enquire About whatever is your heart's desire Or speak your mind. But to this hallowed place, Where sin cannot be sanctioned, face to face We have arrived, therefore you must feel free To ask and speak; and do not hoodwink me With honeyed words, for at the first you swore To your sister that the drugs I hankered for You would bestow on me. I beg of you By Hecate, my children, Lord Zeus, too, Who holds his hand out to those who implore And strangers also, for my need is sore And I am both of these. Without avail

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1100 From you, in this fell test I'll not prevail. Later I'll show you my appreciation, For that befits men of another nation. I'll spread your name and make you glorious; You'll be ennobled by the rest of us, Their wives and mothers, too, on our return, Who now perhaps sit on the shores and yearn In grief for us. Their painful misery You may dispel. Once in antiquity Minoan Ariadne loosed the bond Of grim contests for Theseus in her fond 1110 Indulgence, daughter of Pasiphaë (Her father was the sun god who held sway Up in the sky). When Minos quelled his spleen, She boarded ship and sailed with Theseus, keen To leave her native-land. She was held dear Even by the gods; each night one sees appear A starry crown up high, which people call The Crown of Ariadne; like a ball It rolls along, a holy constellation All night. And thus the gods' appreciation 1120 Will you receive if only you'll redeem This mighty host of heroes, for you seem, By your allure, in gentle courtesy To shine." He spoke, bestowing dignity Upon her, and she cast her eyes aside And sweetly smiled, her heart melted with pride At his acclaim, then faced him, having no Idea how she should start to speak, although She yearned to blurt out all immediately. She from her fragrant girdle willingly 1130 Pulled out the charm, which forthwith in delight He took from her, and now her soul she might Have drawn from out her breast in her elation At his desire and made it a donation To him. Such was Love's honeyed flames that gleamed From Jason's golden head; her eyes now beamed, So captivated was she. Through and through Her heart grew melting-warm just like the dew Upon the roses; by the bright sunrise Made warm. Now would they shyly drop their eyes, 1140 Now drink each other in, beneath each brow With rapture smiling. Finally, somehow She managed: "Take heed now, that I may frame Aid for you. Since my father, when you came, Gave you the dragon's deadly teeth for you

To sow, wait till the night is split in two, Wash in the endless stream, then move away From all your comrades, dressed in the array Of dark-blue clothes, and dig a rounded pit, Thereafter slay a female lamb in it, 1150 Then sacrifice it whole, accumulate A pyre above the pit and then placate The only-begotten daughter of Perses And pour the hive-stored industry of bees From a cup, seek her goodwill and let no sound Of steps behind you make you turn around, Or barking dogs, in case you should undo All rites; don't go back duly to the crew. When dawn appears, moisten the charm, undress And smear yourself with oil. Then will prowess 1160 And mighty strength be yours – you'll have to say You're like the gods, not men. Then you must spray Your spear, your shield, your sword. The earthborn men Will not transfix you with their spear-points then, Nor the flame of deadly bulls, which cruelly Darts quickly onward. But you shall not be This way for long – just one day. Do not quail, However, from the contest. More avail I'll tell you of. You must immediately, After the bulls are yoked, your energy 1170 And strength apply to sow the stubborn land. The Giants will be springing up to stand Among the rows, the serpent's teeth now sown Upon the dusky clods. Throw a large stone, Unseen, should you observe a massive pack Arising from the field, for they'll attack Each other over it, as over food Wild dogs will fight. Then join them in this mood. From out of Aia you shall take the fleece By this device away from here to Greece. 1180 Go where you please after you've left this place." She spoke and silently levelled her face Towards the ground and wept exceedingly And moistened her fair cheeks in misery, For he'd sail far away and leave her there. Taking his hand, she spoke in her despair, For shame had left her eyes. "Should you reach home, Remember me. Though far across the foam, I will remember you. Pray tell to me, Where is your home? Whither across the sea 1190 Shall you be bound? Will you perhaps go by

Wealthy Orchomenus? Or shall you ply Your oars close to Aeaea Island? Pray, Tell of the daughter of Pasiphaë, The noble maid you named, who is related To my father." Deadly Love insinuated Himself, at what she spoke and at her tears, In him as well. He said: "If all my fears Are groundless and I conquer, I can say That I shall not forget you night and day, Should I get home to Greece, so long as there Is not a viler toil that I must bear At Aeëtes' hands. But if it pleases you To know where is my home, I'll tell you true, As I feel bound to do. There is a land Where all around it lofty mountains stand, Rich in both sheep and pasture: in that place Deucalion, a hero full of grace, Was fathered by Prometheus, progeny Of Iapetus, who was the first to be A city-founder and who shrines created To the immortals and who delegated Himself as ruler. Those who dwell nearby Have called this land Haemonia, where my City, Iolcus, stands, and many more; Aiaia Isle is unknown on that shore. It's said that Minvas. son of Aiolus. Left there and built the town Orchomenus, Which borders Thebes. What is the use to tell To you these petty details? – where I dwell, Of Minos' progeny, fair and far-famed (You asked of her. who is for Minos named) As for her sake Minos was well inclined To Theseus, may your father turn his mind Benignly to us." Thus he spoke, allaying Her fears with those soft words that he was saying. Her heart was stirred with anguish unrelenting As she addressed him, grievously lamenting: "No doubt in Greece such covenants as these Are recognized; however, Aeëtes Is not such as you claim Minos to be, My husband and Pasiphaë's progeny, And I'm no Ariadne. Do not, then, Discourse on hospitality but, when You reach lolcus, think of me, as I Shall think of you: my parents I defy. And may a rumour from afar reach me

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Or an avian herald, if your memory Of me has lapsed or else across the foam 1240 May swift squalls snatch and take me to your home In Iolcus that before your eyes I might Reproach you and remind you that your flight Was due to my goodwill; may I then be Your unexpected guest." With these words she Shed piteous tears. Then Jason said: "To hell With empty blasts, that courier-bird as well, My dear: your talk is vain. If to the land Of Greece you travel, you will surely stand In everyone's respect and admiration; 1250 They'll treat you with a goddess' veneration Because by virtue of your strategy Their sons came home, and from calamity Their brothers, kinsmen, stalwart spouses, too, Were saved. Within the bridal chamber you Shall then prepare our couch, and not a thing Shall come between our love until the ring Of Death's grim knell." He spoke, at which, inside, Her soul at what he'd spoken liquefied. And yet she shuddered at the ruination 1260 To come. Poor wretch! For her repudiation Of living in Hellas could not endure For very long, for Hera made quite sure Medea from Aeaea was to go To holy Iolcus as a source of woe To Pelias, leaving her native land. Now, watching from a distance, her whole band Of handmaids mutely grieved. She must now set Off back to her mother's home. She did not yet Think of departure, for she filled with cheer To look upon his beauty and to hear 1270 His winsome words. But Jason finally With prudence said to her: "It's time that we Departed lest the setting of the sun Should catch us unawares and then someone From an alien land may know our strategy. But we'll return and meet." To this degree They tested out each other as they voiced Soft words, then parted. Jason now rejoiced As he returned to *Argo* hurriedly To join his friends, while to the company 1280 Of her handmaids she went. They came to her As one, but as they pressed her close, they were Unseen by her, for high up in the air

Her soul was hovering. Right then and there She mounted the swift car robotically; With reins and well-made whip in each hand, she Urged on the mules, which to the palace raced. As she approached the city, she was faced With questions from Chalciope, distressed 1290 About her sons. Medea, though, oppressed With changing fancies, didn't hear a word, Nor would she have replied if she *had* heard. She sat upon a low stool which was set At the bed's foot and, with eyes that were wet, Laid her left hand upon her cheek and thought Upon the evil deeds that would be wrought Through her advice. When Jason had repaired To where he'd left his comrades, he prepared To go with them, telling them all he'd done, Back to the other heroes. So, as one, 1300 They went to the ship. They hastened to enfold Him in their arms and questioned him. He told Them of the maid's devices, having shown The dreadful charm to them. But, all alone Sat Idas, from the others separated, Biting his wrath. The crew, though, were elated And, when night's darkness hindered them, they went About their evening business. Jason sent Two men at dawn to ask of Aeëtes For the seed – Telamon, who loved hostilities, 1310 And Aethalides, Hermes's famous son. Nor did their journey prove a useless one, For Lord Aeëtes gave them straightaway The Aonian dragon's fell teeth for the fray (In Ogygian Thebes had Cadmos, following Europe, killed that guardian of the spring Of Ares). There he settled, for Apollo Had given him a cow that he might follow, By his prophetic word, and she had led Him thither. From the jaws within its head 1320 The goddess tore them all, delivering Them to Aeëtes as an offering And to the slayer. After dissemination On the Aonian plains, an earthborn nation Aeëtes founded of those who stayed free From death at Ares' sowing. Readily He gave them to take back to the Argo, Thinking he'd not complete the task, although He'd yoke the oxen. In the west the day

Was sinking through the dark earth far away 1330 Beyond the further Aethiopian height, While all her steeds were being yoked by Night And all the heroes now prepared to lie On pallets by the hawsers. In the sky The stars of gleaming Helice, the Bear, Had set and under heaven's girth the air Was still, when Jason went immediately To a bare place with all the secrecy Of a thief and all his needs. He'd taken thought Of everything. Now Argos came and brought 1340 A ewe and sheep's milk, both of which he'd got From Argo. But when Jason saw the spot, Far from the haunt of men, a meadow still And bright, to start with in the sacred rill He washed his tender body solemnly, Put on a dark robe which Hypsipyle Of Lemnos gave to him, commemorating For him full many an amatory mating. Then, eighteen inches deep, he dug a pit And then he heaped wood-billets over it. 1350 He cut the sheep's throat and above the height Of wood he duly stretched it, set alight The billets, pouring on the offering Mixed wine, asked Brimo Hecate to bring Him triumph in the contests, and then drew Away and, from the utmost depths, she knew His voice, that dread goddess, and came to find His sacrifice, while her dread serpents twined Round the oak boughs; a multiplicity Of torches were agleam, and one could see 1360 The hellhounds sharply barking all about; The meadows trembled at her step; a shout Rose from the nymphs who to each marsh resort And every river, too, and who cavort Round Amarantian Phasis. Now a dread Seized Jason; even so, with forward tread, He never looked back till he came upon His comrades once again. Now early Dawn Above the snowy Caucasos showed light. Aeëtes then around his chest pulled tight 1370 His stiff breastplate which, having liquidated Phlegraian Mimas, Ares had donated To him, and then upon his head he fit His golden helmet with the four plumes – it Flashed like the rolling sun when up it slides

From Ocean. Now his shield of many hides And grim, resistless spear he swung, whose blow No hero could withstand, now there was no Heracles with them – for he alone could stand Its shock in war. Phaëthon was at hand. 1380 Holding the rapid steeds that he might go Onto the well-built chariot: he did so And grasped the reins. On the broad thoroughfare He travelled from the city, out to where The contest would be held, and, right along With him, there went the multitudinous throng. Just as Poseidon on his car would cross The land to the Isthmian Games, or Tainarus, Or Lerne's water, or Hyantian Onchestos' grove or with those horses ran 1390 To Calaureia, or the promontory Of Harmonia, or Garaistus' grove – thus he, Lord of Colchis, appeared. Jason submerged The charm in water, as Medea urged, Then both his shield and heavy spear he sprayed With it, and then his sword. His friends displayed Great strength in trying out his arms, but they Could not contort even a little way That spear: in their robust hands quite intact And firm it stayed. Now it was wildly whacked 1400 By Idas with his mighty sword, for he Was angry at them, and its apogee, Like a hammer on an anvil, was repelled And leapt back. Now the heroes happily yelled, Their hopes enlarged, and then each body part Did Jason spray, whereon into his heart A terrible strength, dauntless, unspeakable. Entered. On both sides were his hands filled full Of vigour. As a war horse, hankering For battle, beats the ground while whinnying 1410 And leaping, ears pricked up in haughtiness, So Aeson's son was filled with happiness At his own strength; often high-leaping here And there, he brandished in his hands his spear Of ash and shield. You'd say a wintry glare Kept scintillating through the gloomy air Out of the clouds, when they bring on the rain In blackest storm. His men would soon refrain From the contest, but, on benches row on row, They swiftly reached the Arian plains and lo! 1420 It stood beyond the town, as far away

As the turning-point is from the starting-bay In chariot-races, when the family Of some dead lord holds games for soldiery And knights. They found Aeëtes and the rest Of the Colchians - they had settled on the crest Of Caucasus, he on the winding lip Of the river. When the crew had moored the ship With hawsers, Jason leapt down, on the way, With both his spear and buckler, to the fray. 1430 At once he took his shining helmet, made Of bronze, filled with sharp teeth, his bow displayed Around his shoulders, stripped, now like the bold Ares, now Phoebus with his sword of gold. He looked across the grassland and espied The bulls' bronze yokes and, lying by their side, The plough, unsectioned, rock-hard. He came near, Then through the butt he fixed his mighty spear And, doffing his helmet, this he reclined Against it, then, with just his shield, to find 1440 The countless bull-tracks, he advanced. From some Dark recess in the earth he saw them come, Leaving their staunch, smoke-filled abode, and flame Shot out of all four nostrils as they came. The heroes quailed at this, but he withstood Their onrush as a rocky sea-reef would Withstand the waves by countless squalls propelled. His shield before his body Jason held. Both roaring bulls with mighty horns attacked The man but made upon him no impact 1450 At all. As when the armourer's bellows glow All through the furnace and thereby bestow Strength to the ravening flame, then blows no more, And from it emanates a dreadful roar As up it leaps, so, fiercely breathing flame, The deadly heat like lightning as they came, Those bulls roared out. The maid's charms, though, protected The man, who now with all his strength connected With the horn of the right-hand bull and then he tugged It nearer to the bronze-cast yoke and lugged 1460 The bull down to the ground. Then straightaway He kicked the bronze foot. In the self-same way, With just one blow, the other bull he downed. His ample shield he threw down on the ground, Then grasped their foreknees, striding here and there, From side to side, and swiftly through the glare Of flame he rushed. The king was startled by

The hero's strength. Now the Tyndaridae – For it had been predicted long ago -Took up the yoke and gave it him to throw 1470 About them. Then a bronze-made pole he placed Between them both and to the yoke he laced It by its point. Leaving the fire, those two Returned then to the ship. But Jason drew His shield onto his back; he now put on His sharp-toothed helm and took his spear, which none Could shun, and, like a worker of the earth With an Argive goad, he struck the bulls' wide girth And pricked them, well directing the plough's blade Of adamant. The animals now made 1480 A raging din and breathed fierce fire, their breath Like howling winds which men, in fear of death While sailing on the sea, shrink from, thereat Their great sail furling. Not long after that They yielded to the spear, the rugged land Now broken up, cleft by the ploughshare and The vigorous bulls. The clods groaned dreadfully, Rent by the furrows, each a misery To man, while he, far from him, cast the teeth Incessantly among the clods beneath, 1490 And often turning round lest that the yield Of earth-born men should rise up in the field Against him, while the beasts, bronze-hoofed, went on In toil. The third part of the day still shone When weary workers call out for that sweet Ox-loosing hour – now ploughing was complete, The tireless ploughman finishing the field, Though four plough-gates were measured in the yield. He then unyoked the bulls which, at his shout, Fled to the plain in fright. He turned about, 1500 Returning to the ship, while he could see The earth-born men. His comrades heartily Encouraged him. He then drew from the rill His helmet and with water drank his fill, Then bent his nimble knees, replenishing His mighty heart with courage, quivering With ardour, like a boar who hones his teeth On hunters, while upon the ground beneath Much foam flows from his angry mouth. Around The entire field the earth-born men were found 1510 Already rising. Many a stout shield, Two-pronged spear, shining helmet caused the field Of dread Ares to bristle. Through the air

From earth up to Olympus flashed the glare. As when the wintry clouds are put to flight By hurricanes beneath the murky night After a mighty snowfall, and a mass Of shining stars throughout the gloom can pass, So did they shine as they began to spring Above the earth. But the wise counselling 1520 Of sly Medea, Jason once again Recalled: he seized a boulder from the plain, Huge, round, the quoit of Ares, God of War: This quoit could not be lifted up by four Stalwart young men one inch. Then instantly He cast it in their midst and secretly Crouched, confident, beneath his shield. As when The sea roars over jagged rocks, just then The Colchians cried aloud; meanwhile the king Was speechless at that hard rock's hurtling. 1530 The Earthborn, like swift hounds with gnashing teeth, Fell on and killed each other and, beneath Their spears, like pines or oaks which by a squall Are devastated, now began to fall. Just as a fiery star leaps from the sky. Blazing, a sign to mortals who descry Throughout the gloomy air its vividness, So did the son of Jason start to press In on the earthborn men, his weapon free Of its sheath, and, smiting indiscriminately, 1540 Mowed them all down, many face to the ground Or on their side – there were some that were found Upright up to their shoulders, others quite Erect, while others en route to the fight Were caught. As in a war for property, A husbandman fears that his fields might be Mowed down, he grasps his sickle in his hands New-honed and curved, then darts across his lands And cuts the unripe crops, with no delay Until the sun should parch them, in this way 1550 He slashed the earthborn crop. Their blood was spilled Upon those rows, as fountains' grooves are filled With water. So, some biting on the land Headlong, some backward, some on side or hand, They fell, seeming like monsters of the sea. Many were hit before their feet were free From the earth; as far as they rose in the air, They bent towards the ground, reclining there With sopping brows. When heavy rain is sent

By Zeus, thus new-grown orchard-shoots are bent, 1560 I think, down to the ground, pulled clean apart From their roots, the toil of gardening men. Then heart-Onerousness and deadly misery Comes to the landlord/planter, similarly A heavy misery assailed the king. To the Colchians he went back, pondering How swiftly he might strike them. Now the sun Had set and Jason's trials were all done.