ANDROMACHE

Hail, glorious Thebes, whence I, Andromache, Came with a dowry of gold luxury To Priam's royal house, for I was wed To Hector and thus children would be bred. I had been envied once, but now I'm thought The paragon of grief. Achilles fought And killed my husband: then the son I bore, Astyanax, was thrown from the ramparts, for The Greeks had taken Troy. I saw that done! I had been noble, just like everyone 10 In my household, but now I've been dragged here To Greece, a slave, spoil of the Grecian spear, For Neoptolemus. Near Phthia I dwell, Where Thetis, goddess of the ocean swell, As wife of Peleus lived, far, far away From haunts of mortal men. In Thessaly they Call it Thetideion. Achilles' son Lives here, acknowledging dominion To Perseus, loath to take the sceptre when The old man yet was still alive. Since then, 20 I've borne a boy to Neoptolemus. Though my conditions were calamitous, I hoped that, if he lived, my family Would find me some help and security. But ever since Hermione was wed

Andromache:

To the lad's father, who has spurned my bed, Being my master, I have cruelly Been used and bullied by Hermione. She tells me that she hasn't borne a child Because of secret poisons I've beguiled 30 Her with and why she's hated by her spouse And that I want to live here in this house And take her place here most injuriously. This union I took unwillingly, And now I've let it go. Great Zeus, I swear It was against my will I had a share In it. I am unable to persuade Her, and she wants to kill me, with the aid Of Menelaus, who's her father. He Is here, having arrived intentionally 40 From Sparta. At this shrine of Thetis near The house I took my seat in abject fear: This shrine has been set up in memory Of Peleus and of Peleus' progeny To laud his marriage with a sea-goddess. My only child, with all secretiveness, For safety I've sent off. To shelter me His father is not here beside me. He Means nothing to my son, for he's away In Delphi where he's offering to pay 50 Amends to Phoebus, for he, quite insane, Had asked Apollo that he might attain Requital for his father's death, for he, The god, has killed him, for he hoped to be

Pardoned his previous sins and circumvent In this way any future punishment. [enter a servant] Servant: Mistress (for that's the name I won't refuse To call you by, thinking it right to use When we both lived in Troy), I liked you well, You and your husband, but I'm here to tell 60 Bad news, but I am terrified I will Be noticed by our masters here, yet still I pity you. Menelaus plans to do, With his own child, horrendous things to you. Take care! Andromache: Dear fellow-slave (for misery Makes both of us sisters in slavery), What plans are these that they now fabricate, Hoping to slay a woman crushed by Fate? Servant: To kill the son that you in secret sent Away from here. To fetch him back he went. 70 Andromache: He's found where he was hidden? How could he Have done that? I am steeped in misery. Servant: I do not know but what I have been told By them. Andromache: My son, two vultures will unfold Their wings and fly away and slaughter you,

While out in Delphi is the fellow who Is called your father. Servant: This I will allow -If he were here you'd be less troubled now. But you are desolate. Andromache:, But did you hear Of Peleus' coming? Servant: He's too old, I fear, 80 To help you. Andromache: But I sent a message more Than once. Servant: No herald cares a scruple for Your case. Andromache: Of course you're right – that's very true. So, in that case, can I depend on you To take a message? Servant: But what will I say To them why I have been so long away? Andromache: So many dodges you are bound to find, For you're a woman. Servant:

There's a danger, mind.

His child's no mean guard.

Andromache:

Aha, now I see! You fail your comrades in calamity. 90 Servant: Not true at all! I'll go: in any case What is it for a slave if she should face Disaster? [exit servant] Andromache: Go. then. Meanwhile I'll lament My whole life's grief up to the firmament. For women love to speak their misery, And many things that have befallen me I must lament – the land in which I dwelt, The death of Hector and the pain I felt When I became a slave, an unearned state. No mortal's ever happy till his fate 100 Leads him to death. That time that Paris brought Helen to lofty Troy because he sought To live with her, she went not as a bride But ruin. For her sake, upon the tide Came Greece's thousand ships, whose warriors warred Against the Trojans with both fire and sword, Took Troy and slaughtered Hector whom I'd wed. The son of Thetis on his chariot sped, Dragging his corpse around the walls. But me They led off from my chamber to the sea, 110 Beneath the yoke of bondage. Many a tear

Rolled down my cheeks when I was conveyed here, My husband dead. Why look upon the light Of day in thralldom? In my dreadful plight At the goddess's monument I throw My arms about it, shedding tears of woe In which I'm liquefied just like a spring From high up on a cliff-side plummeting. Chorus: Woman, so long sat at this monument, Though I'm a Phthian, it is my intent 120 To succour you, an Asian, so you'll feel Relieved of all those struggles hard to heal: You're in a guarrel with Hermione Since you both share Achilles' progeny. Think of the ill luck to which you've come. Will you, a citizen of Ilium, Fight with your Spartan masters? So depart And leave this altar! Why weep out your heart, Bewildered at the ills that you withstand? For you'll be met with their compelling hand, 130 And you are weak. Why labour pointlessly? So leave this seat! Admit your slavery! You're friendless, luckless and on foreign ground. When you, a Trojan, hither came, I found You piteous. But my anxiety Kept still my tongue in case Hermione Learned that I wished you well. [enter Hermione] Hermione:

About my hair

You notice golden finery. I wear A multi-coloured cloth, given me by 140 My father Menelaus, when first I Came here – not from the glorious treasury Of Peleus or his warrior-progeny – As dowry. I will speak my mind. Although You are a slave, won by the spear, you'd throw Me out and take possession of the house, And you have, through your poisons, caused my spouse To hate me, and my womb's unfruitful, too: Yes, I can't bear a child because of you. Women from Asia have an aptitude For things like that. However, I'll preclude 150 The ruse you plan, and you won't profit by The sea-goddess's shrine. No, you will die. Now if some god or mortal should intend To save your life, you must bring to an end Your haughty thoughts and learn humility, Fall at my feet and sweep the house for me With Achelous' water you'll have brought In golden jugs, and thus you'll know you're nought To me. No Hector's here, no Priam nor His gold. This city's Greek. You wretch, though, you're 160 So foolish that you bring yourself to lie With your husband's killer's son and bear thereby A tainted breed. Such is barbarity – For fathers lie with daughters, equally Mothers with sons, brothers with sisters. They Murder each other, with no law to say

That it is wrong. Do not initiate Such customs here! No man should dominate Two women in his home. No, rather he Who wants a happy life is pleased to be 170 Monogamous. Chorus: A woman's jealous mind

Is to her sexual rivals ill-inclined. Andromache: The young, where there's injustice, are a bane. My being your slave, I fear, could well restrain My speaking, even though my case is strong, And if I win it, I may suffer wrong. The proud and mighty people do not take It well to hearing their inferiors make A winning argument. I'll not betray Myself, however. Let me hear you say 180 What clever words persuaded me to mar Your lawful marriage. Is, then, Sparta far Inferior to Troy? Do you see me As a free woman? Was it that I, maybe, Might breed instead of you, discovering My brood becoming slaves, a wretched thing For me? Or could it be, emboldened by My youth, friends and my city's greatness, I Intend to take your house? Will folk abide My tots as royalty if you're denied 190 Children yourself? Yes, for the Greeks are sure To love dead Hector's wife. Am I obscure,

Not Trojan royalty? Your husband's hate Is not through drugs of mine: I'll tell you straight -You are not fit to live with. There it lies -Your problem! Know that virtue satisfies A man, not looks. Once angry, "Sparta's great," You say to me, and furthermore you state That Scyros is but paltry. You possess Riches among the poor, and you profess 200 That Menelaus is much greater than Achilles. That's the reason why the man Hates you. Wed to a poor man, nonetheless A woman must always show thoughtfulness To him and curb her pride. If you were wed To a king of Thrace, where husbands share their bed With many women, would you then have slain Them all? If so, it shows that you maintain That sexual insatiability Exists in every woman. That would be 210 A shameful view. Though this disease indeed Is in us more than men, we should take heed To screen it. Dearest Hector, when you strayed To other beds, I even gave you aid, And many times I gave suck to your brood Of bastards, never in a bitter mood. And thus I charmed him with my probity. However, you have such timidity That you will not allow one drop of rain To fall upon your husband. Do nor strain 220 To top your mother's sexual excess,

For children who possess clear-headedness
Should shun their mother's own iniquity.
Chorus:
Lady, if you can do it painlessly,
Be ruled by me and hear the lady out
Hermione:
Why take this lofty tenor in a bout
Of words with me, maintaining you are chaste
While I am not?
Andromache:
Well, surely it is based
On your own arguments!
Hermione:
May I not see
Your way of thinking dwelling here with me!

Andromache:

Ach, you are young! The words you speak are packed

With shameful things.

Hermione:

Such shameful things in fact

230

You do, not merely speak, and forcibly.

Andromache:
Suffer your marital troubles silently!
Hermione:
And yet such troubles women everywhere
Are most concerned about. I will not bear
Such things in silence!
Andromache:
And yet I surmise
Yours is a <i>mad</i> concern.
Hermione:
But in your eyes
Are Aphrodite's gifts not good?
Andromache:
Not so,
Unless used honourably.
Hermione:
You surely know 240
That this is Greece? We Grecians do not share
Such things with foreigners.
Andromache:
But everywhere
Shame's shame.
Hermione:
You're clever but you're doomed.
Andromache:
Do you
See Thetis looking at you?
Hermione:
Yes, I do,

For she detests your country for the slaughter Of our Achilles. Andromache: You, though, are the daughter Of her who ruined her. Hermione: Ah, there you go Again – alluding to my constant woe. 250 Andromache: See, then, I'm silent! Hermione: Tell me what I came To hear! Andromache: You ought to have more sense, I claim. Hermione: Quit Thetis' sacred shrine! Andromache: Never, unless You vow to spare me. Hermione: My relentlessness Remains. Indeed for Neoptolemus I shall not wait. Andromache: Until he comes to us I won't surrender. Hermione: I'll pay you no heed

But burn you up. Andromache: Burn on! The gods indeed Will know your guilt. Hermione: Ah, I'll inflict such pain Upon your flesh. Andromache: If you should ever stain 260 Her altar, she'd pursue you. Hermione: Barbarous thing, So bold, do you hold out against the sting Of death? But I will oust you presently From where you're sitting now – effortlessly! I have a lure... But no more will say, For all will soon be plain. And therefore stay. Should molten lead hold you, I'll see it done That you are gone before Achilles' son, In whom you trust, is here. [exit Hermione] Andromache: Oh yes, that's sure -I trust him. Though a god gave us a cure 270 For snake-bites, yet there's no-one who can find A cure for evil women, to mankind A bane. How monstrous! Chorus: Ah, the pain I see

That was inflicted on mankind when three

Goddesses came to Ida's valley, brought By Hermes, for the beauty prize they sought. Under a golden yoke, well-armed, they came To battle with each other for the fame That beauty brings, where Paris's pastures lay: Tending his cows, he lived alone. When they 280 Came to the shady glen they bathed before Paris, and the contest became a war Of spiteful words. Finally victory Was won by Cypris's cajolery, Pleasing to hear but to the citadel Of Troy destruction, lucklessness and hell. Would that his mother had cast far away The dreadful curse before he came to stay In rocky Ida's haunts! Prophetically 290 Cassandra shouted orders that he be Murdered for he'd bring misery to Troy. She begged all elders that they slay the boy, For then our womenfolk would not have been Enslaved and, lady, you'd have been a queen, And Greece would have avoided ten long years Of grievous toil the young men with their spears Suffered, and marriage-beds would not now be Empty nor old men of their progeny Bereft. [enter Menelaus] Menelaus; I've brought the son you sent to dwell 300

In someone else's house, failing to tell 3 My daughter. You thought that this monument Would save your life and you rested content That those who hid him, too, would be secure. But, woman, it is manifestly sure That you have much less intellect than he Who stands before you. If you do not flee This precinct, I will kill this boy instead Of you. And so get this into your head – Do you prefer to die or would you see This lad here killed for your iniquity 310 Against us?

Andromache:

High renown, you've surely brought Blessings on countless mortals who are nought! The men of truth who've earned a goodly name I think are blessed, but I've nothing but blame For liars, though by chance they can be bright. Were you a general - you, who seem so slight -Over Greek troops to capture Ilium? And have you in your haughtiness now come, Urged by your little daughter, to contend With a poor slave. I can't even pretend 320 That you're worthy of Troy or she of you. It's on their outer side that people who Desire to seem intelligent are thus. But inside they're just like the populus, Except in wealth. But wealth has a great force. So, Menelaus, let's have a discourse. Suppose your daughter killed me: how could she Escape pollution? The majority,

However, would say you'd stand trial as well Since your part in the business would compel 330 You to the courtroom. Tell me, will you kill My son if I yet live? And then how will His father stomach it? Troy does not say That he's a coward. He'll go on his way Wherever he must and show undoubtedly That he is worthy of his pedigree In war and drive your daughter from the house. And if you try to find another spouse For her, what will you say? She's virtuous And moderate and fled a villainous 340 Husband? He won't believe you. But who will Then marry her? Or will you keep her still, Greying and single? Poor man, can't you see Awaiting you a storm of misery? So many evil husbands? Don't requite Small harms with great. Though we be full of spite, We women, you men should not try to be Like us. For I'll stand trial willingly, Seeking no refuge at a goddess' shrine, To find out whether any drugs of mine 350 Poisoned your daughter so she may not be Fertile, as she asserts. And judging me Shall be her husband's role, and in that case I'll have no less a penalty to face If he'll be childless, too. I fear one thing In you – you ruined Troy through quarrelling About a woman.

Chorus:

Too much have you said As woman to a man – anger instead Of sense has stormed your mind and shot away Your sober judgment.

Menelaus:

Woman, as you say, 380

These things that have been said are trifling And don't deserve the heeding of a king Who wields the power in Greece. But know this well -A man's wish is much greater than the quell Of Troy. I'm the staunch ally of my child And know how sad it is to be beguiled Of a husband. Any other misery A woman bears is merely secondary, But she has lost her life if she is left Without a husband, totally bereft. 370 My spouse must rule my slaves: my family And I rule his. No private property Exists for friends. So if I choose to wait Till he returns before I operate As I desire, I'm far from wise. So fly From Thetis' shrine because, if you should die, This boy will live: if you refuse, you'll see Him die. One must be killed – which will it be? Andromache: A bitter choice! If I should live, then I Will live in misery, while, if I die...! 380 You make too much of trifling things. Why do

You want me dead? What have I done to you? What city have I harmed by treachery? Which of your children has been killed by me? What house of yours have I burned down? I went Into my master's bed, though my consent Was absent. Will you choose to kill me, though, And not the guilty one? Will you let go The cause and then attack the aftermath? Unhappy fatherland, behold my path 390 Of misery, the ills I have to bear! Why must I have a child, a double share Of burdens? Why do I shed lamentation On that, yet not total consideration Of my ensuing woes? My vivid mind Remembers Hector's body dragged behind A chariot and Troy put to the flame. And then to me a Grecian warrior came And pulled me by the hair, compelling me To be a slave of the Greek argosy. 400 In Phthia I became the concubine Of Hector's killer. Such a life is mine! Where can I look? My past or present? Now I have one darling son, but these folks vow To kill him. No, I do not contemplate Saving my wretched life so that his fate Will then be sealed. For if he should survive, He'd bear our hopes, but if I stay alive That he may die, then that would place a stain On me. Therefore I'm leaving to be slain, 410

Hanged, have my throat cut or be gaoled. [to Molossus] Goodbye, My darling one, your mother is to die. Recall my woes and how I died, my son! And kiss your father! Tell him what I've done! Our children are our souls. The man who, through His lack of children, says this isn't true, Although he feels more agony than we, Will live his life much more unhappily. Chorus: I pity you. Ill luck is woeful in The eyes of men, even If they are not kin. 420 But, Menelaus, bring Hermione That with this woman solidarity May be achieved and she may find release From this adversity and find some peace. Menelaus: Slaves, seize her! Hah, I've caught you! You will hear Out of my mouth words that will be severe. I threatened, so that you might go away, That I would kill your son, and in that way I have persuaded you to yield to me. Now you'll be killed. Know that thus will it be. 430 About your son, my daughter will decide Whether he dies or not. Now go inside And learn that you, a slave, must never do More harm against all freeborn men. Andromache:

Ah, you

Have tricked me!

Menelaus: Tell the world! I'll not deny That it is true. Andromache: Do you who live close by The Eurotas find this smart? Menelaus: Yes, as the nation Of Trojans do – it's called retaliation. Andromache: But do you think the gods are not divine? Won't they send punishment? Menelaus: Well, I'll resign 440 Myself to that when it is sent. You, though, I'll kill. Andromache: Tear this young fledgling from below My wings as well? Menelaus: Oh no! Hermione Will do that. Andromache: Dear one, hear my threnody Before you die! Menelaus: His hopes are far from good. Andromache: Spartans, most hateful in the brotherhood

Of man, sly liars, tricksters, pondering Thoughts that are devious and mouldering, Your riches are unjust. What felonies Have you committed? Ah, what butcheries! 450 Your greed for gain and your duplicity Often unmasked! Receive this curse from me! Your verdict's hardly harsh, for long ago I was already well-supplied with woe, Troy fallen and my glorious husband slain, Who with his spear has again and again Proved you a coward on both land and sea. Now look at you, ready to slaughter me, A woman, in grim warrior garb bedecked. On with your slaughter! But do not expect 460 Base flattery for either of you. Though You have been great in Sparta, you should know That I was great in Troy. My life is hell, But do not boast, for yours may be as well. [exeunt all but Chorus] Chorus: A double marriage never will be praised By me: I don't approve sons should be raised By two mothers: it brings both pain and strife. May I with just one husband live my life! Two monarchs are much worse to undergo Than one. For citizens woe's piled on woe. 470 When two bards write a hymn, the amuses bring Between the two of them much quarrelling. When a swift breeze drives mariners along, With two men at the helm and a large throng

Of wise men, one of lesser mind will be More competent with full authority. In house and city, if men hope to find True sway, it must be through a single mind. The Spartan woman proves this – she's aflame Against her rival, and it is her aim 480 To kill the Trojan woman and her son, And thus a lawless murder will be done, Ungodly, loveless. Lady, you will pay For all of your atrocities some day. [enter Andromache, Molossus and Menelaus] And here are mother and son, the sentenced pair. What misery the two of you shall share! My child, the product of your mother's bed, Thus you'll be killed and lie among the dead, Though innocent. Andromache: See how I have been tied With binding manacles, my hands both dyed 490 With blood, condemned to death! Molosus: Under your wing, Mother, I go as well. Andromache: An offering Most cruel! Molossus: Father, help us! Andromache: Oh, my dear,

My child, you will lie with your mother, near Her breast.

Molossus:

Ah, grief! What will become of me?

Menelaus:

Now die! For you've come from the enemy.

I sentence you to death – your progeny

Is sentenced by my child Hermione.

One's foes must not stay living, for to kill

Them takes away a house's fear, its ill.

500

Andromache:

Husband, would you could ameliorate

My ill luck with your spear!

Molossus:

Oh, dreadful fate!

Mother, what hymn am I to sing to spare

My life and shed this fate?

Andromache:

Our master's there.

Go to him! Touch his knees and plead with him!

Molossus:

O spare my life, dear friend!

Andromache:

My eyes are dim

With tears, for I weep like a sunless spring

On a smooth cliff.

Molossus:

When will my suffering

Be over?

Menelaus:

Why do you fall at my knees, When I am like a wave upon the seas Or like a rock? It is my kin I aid, But I've no cause to love you since I made Great efforts to take Troy – your mother, too. And so it is your mother who caused you To go below the earth. [enter Peleus] Chorus:

510

But look! I see

Old Peleus, coming hither hastily. Peleus: You who preside over this offering And, women, you as well, what's happening? What caused this plague? What secret artifice Are you devising? Put a stop to this 520 Injustice! [to his servant] Lead me on more speedily! We must be quick: now is the time for me To show my youthful vigour. Like a breeze I'll blow upon her sails.]to Andromache] Tell me why these Men bind your hands and lead you and your son Away? Like two poor sheep you're being done To death while your own master was not here, Nor I. Andromache: Old prince, you'll see it's very clear. We're going to our deaths, my son and I. To all my fervent letters no reply 530 Have you sent back. But you undoubtedly

Must know by hearsay of the enmity Between that woman and me and are aware Why I am doomed. Now they're about to bear Me off from Thetis' shrine – she bore to you Your noble son, whom you revere. They knew Our weaknesses: not looking for a way To charge me, they did not even delay And wait for absent ones. No, they're about To execute my son, though he's without 540 All sin, and me. Before your knees I fall (For I can't reach your chin while bound) and call Upon the gods. Save me! For otherwise I'll die, sir, and in everybody's eyes You'll be disgraced. Peleus: On pain of punishment Release her bonds! Menelaus: No, I will not consent. I am your peer, with more authority Over her. Peleus: What? Control my family, Would you? Is Sparta not enough? Menelaus: In Troy I captured her. Peleus:

Yes, and Achilles' boy

550

Received her as a prize for bravery. Menelaus: And do we not share *all* our property? Peleus: Oh yes, to treat benignly, not to kill By a sword's blow. Menelaus: Hear this! – you never will Take her from me. Peleus: This will I surely do Once with this sceptre I have bloodied you. Menelaus: Not one step closer! Peleus: Hah! Are you a man? How cowardly you are! A Phrygian Took Helen. You were lax and really thought That she was chaste and not a thing of nought, 560 A whore! For Spartan women cannot be Chaste - that is not their personality. They leave their homes and flirt with youths, their thighs Through flimsy clothes revealed to all men's eyes. The running-tracks and wrestling-grounds they share With men – a thing I really cannot bear. It's not surprising, then, that you don't breed Your Spartan women to be chaste. Indeed, Ask Helen this! She left behind the God Of Friendship in your house, then off she trod 570

To revel with a youth in a foreign land. Was it for her sake, then, the Argives spanned The seas to fight in Troy, with hordes of men? You should have spat the woman out back then Nor moved one spear once treachery was found In her; she should have stayed on Trojan ground, And you should have decided, too, to pay A wage to her to make her stay away. But this was not your way – rather you left Old mothers and fathers of their sons bereft. 580 And of those fathers, sadly, I am one, For you're the foul destroyer of my son. Alone unhurt, you came back, in its case Your armour with each detail still in place. I said to Neoptolemus, when he Was just about to wed, he should not be Married to you nor should he welcome to His house the young of a base mother – you! Their mothers' faults such daughters recreate. And therefore, suitors, searching for a mate, 590 Be sure the woman has a virtuous mother! Think of your outrage, too, against your brother When foolishly you ordered him to slay His daughter! Were you filled with such dismay That you might lose your worthless wife? Once you Took Troy (this argument I'll bring up, too), You did not execute your wife, although You had the capability to do so. No, once you saw her breasts, you tossed aside

Your sword and fawned upon your treacherous bride 600 And kissed her, proving you're no rival for Cypris for you're a coward. Furthermore, You raid my grandson's house while he's away And try to kill these two. Ah, you will pay! This boy whom you condemn will bring much woe To you and to Hermione, although He be three times a bastard. Stony ground Often exceeds deep soil, it has been found, In produce: bastards, too, similarly Top other sons begotten honestly. 610 But take your child away. One should possess Relations who are poor but nonetheless Honest, not those who have prosperity And yet are base. But you're a nullity! Chorus: From trivial things come brawls .Mortals who are Prudent don't with their loved ones ever spar. Menelaus: Old men are wise, you claim, though you, the son Of a famous father, by a union Of marriage bound to one who had great fame In Greece for wisdom, utter words that shame 620 Yourself, upbraiding me as well, about This foreign woman. You should drive her out Beyond the Nile, the Phasis – and you ought To crave my help at it – for she was brought From Asia where so many Argives fell Before the spear and has a share as well

In your Achilles' death. For Paris slew Your son and is the brother of Hector, who Wed her, and yet you think it fair to share A roof with her and eat the self-same fare 630 At the same table, granting her the right To bear her brood which are a toxic slight To you within your house. Then when I meant To kill her for our sakes, the wench was rent Out of my grasp. But listen now to me (To touch on this brings no ignominy) -Although my daughter's barren, she is not, So tell me if you have some fiendish plot To make her children monarchs of the land Of Phthia and will they thus hold command 640 In Greece as well? So how can you declare That I, who hate all things unjust, am bare Of judgment while it's actually you Who's logical? Consider this point, too: If a child of yours were treated shamefully By him who'd wed her, would you silently Accept it? No, I do not think that's true! Yet, speaking for a foreign woman, you Shout out such nonsense to your family. 650 A woman groans just like a man when she Is injured by her spouse; he groans as well When with a wayward wife he's forced to dwell. The man is strong; the woman's interests lie In safeguarding her kin. Then, should not I Defend my own? You are an old, old man,

And you have been more helpful to me than If you'd stayed mum when you spoke of my time As general. What Helen went through was no crime On her part. No, it was her destiny And Hellas gained from it eventually. 660 For Greeks knew nought of weaponry and war But made progress in martial courage, for Cooperation teaches much to men. If I forbore to kill my Helen when I met her, that was self-control. Would you Had not killed Phocus, your half-brother, too! But it is with goodwill, not out of rage, That I attack you, but if you engage In ardent wrangling, you merely swell Your prattle, while my foresight serves me well. 670 Chorus: Cease all this nonsense, both of you, in case You're proven to be wrong and in disgrace. Peleus: Greek customs are perverse, for when the foe Is routed, all the honours do not go To those who did the actual work: no, he Who led the troops gains the celebrity. He brandishes his spear, a single man Among so many, and does no more than One soldier. Mighty politicians, too, Think grander thoughts than common people do, 680 Though they are worthless. Common people are Better and more intelligent by far

But simply lack the guts. It is you two, You and your brother, who did this. For you Boast of your leadership in Ilium, Made glorious by those beneath your thumb Who toiled for you. It will be very hard For you if you continue to regard Paris to be a greater enemy Than Peleus is unless you do not flee, 690 You and your barren daughter. This offspring Of my own loins will oust her, grappling Her by the hair, if she will not allow That others breed, though she's a sterile cow. Because she can't bear children, should we lack Children ourselves? Women and slaves, stand back! For someone may prevent me when I try To free her hands. [to Andromache] Rise to your feet! Though I Tremble with age, I'll free her. [to Menelaus] Villainous Coward, did you her hands disfigure thus? 700 Was it a bull or lion that you thought That you were dealing with or were you fraught With fear that she'd revenge? [to Molossus] My child, draw nigh Beneath my arm and help me to untie These bonds! To manhood I'll rear you, my boy, In Phthia so that you'll bring great annoy To these Greek foes. Spartans, maybe your spear Is non-pareil, but elsewhere you should fear You're not superior. Chorus:

Old men possess

No self-control, and their hot-headedness Is hard to curb. 710

Menelaus:

You fly too readily Into abusive talk. But as for me, I'm here unwillingly, but I'll not do Anything base and I'll make sure that you Won't do the same to me. For now my time Is not unlimited, and therefore I'm Intent on going home. Not far away From Sparta there's a city that one day Was friendly but now shows hostility. I'll lead my troops and take this enemy 720 And rule them. Then, back here, I'll call to me My son-in-law, then in all honesty We'll counsel back and forth - if he intends To punish her [indicating Aphrodite] and freely make amends And shows respect, we'll show respect as well To him. However, if his wrath should swell, That wrath shall we return. Your words I'll bear With patience. Like a shadow in the air You do nothing but talk. Peleus: Son, come below My arm and, woman, you, so full of woe, 730

Lead on. Storm-beaten, now you have been fanned

By cloudless breezes to a friendly land. Andromache:

God bless you, sir – you've saved my child and me. Take care, though, lest, crouching clandestinely Somewhere in some deserted spot, they may Take me by force, since you are old and grey, I weak, my son a little child. So see That though we may escape we will not be Caught later.

Peleus:

Ah, your talk is timorous And woman-like. Let's go! Who'll mess with us? 740 That man will pay the price who lays a hand On us. By the gods' grace I hold command Of many troops in Phthia. I stand straight, I am no dotard, as you'd doubtless state. One look at men like him and I would send Them packing, old or not. Grit, in the end, Is all that matters, not how old you are. A brave old man is worthier by far Than scads of cowardly youths. If hearts are weak, What use is bodily strength? Chorus:

Then one should seek 750

Inherited riches or nobility – Or not be born. When there's adversity Among the nobles, they've abundant aid. Those who are nobly born are always paid Honour, because they're famed. Time won't efface What's left behind by men of a noble race -Their virtue will live on. Better to gain An honest victory than to attain It by the use of base ferocity Against injustice. For such victory 760 Brings short-lived happiness. I'd rather win A life in which I hold no power within City or house that is unjust. O son Of Aeacus, I know that you have done Great deeds of battle on the Lapiths' side Against the Centaurs, and upon the tide, Aboard the *Argo*, the Symplegades You traversed with their inhospitable seas – A famous voyage – and when Zeus's son 770 Heracles sacked the city of Troy, you won Your share of high distinction and great fame, And then across the sea back home you came. [enter Nurse] Nurse: Dear ladies, tragedy on tragedy! The lady of the house, Hermione, Deserted by her father and aware Of her appalling purpose not to spare Andromache and her son, intends to kill Herself in terror that her husband will Send her away in deep ignominy For what she's done and kill her because she 780 Had tried to kill those whom it is not right To murder. She attempted from a height

To hang herself. The slaves could barely stay Her action, and they took a sword away From her right hand. Through pain she now can tell That what she did before was not done well. But I am tired with struggling to cope In keeping her, dear ladies, from the rope. Go in! Save her! For if new friends arrive They may be able to keep her alive. 790 Chorus: The servants shout about what you've come here To tell. But she herself will make it clear, I think, how she laments the things she's done, For they are dire offences, every one. Look there, she flees the servants, coming nigh Out of the house, determined now to die. [enter Hermione] Hermione: Alas, I'll scratch my cheeks! I'll tear my hair! Nurse: What, darling? Hurt yourself? Hermione: Into the air With you, fine threads! Nurse: Cover your breasts, child! Hermione: Why? What I've committed is clear to the eye -800 Those sins against my husband. Everyone May see the dreadful things that I have done.

Nurse:

Do you lament because Andromache

You planned to murder?

Hermione:

My iniquity,

My gory daring! That's what I lament.

I'm cursed! I'm cursed!

Nurse:

Your husband will relent,

Forgiving you.

Hermione:

Why did you take away

My sword? Return it, friend, so that I may

Impale my heart! Why keep the noose from me?

Nurse:

But if I should allow you frantically

810

To take your life...?

Hermione:

Where is the flame that I

Long to leap into? Where's the cliff on high

Above the forests or along the sea

That I may jump from it precipitately?

Nurse:

Why do you grieve this way? Adversity

Sooner or later plagues humanity.

Hermione:

O Father, you have left me on the shore, Alone, abandoned and without an oar. He'll kill me. In this bridal house I'll dwell
No more. A suppliant, I must run pell-mell 820 To some god's shrine – but which one shall it be? Shall I fall at my slave's knees pleadingly? O that I might soar up into the air Away from Phthia to the sea-surge where The ship of pine crossed the Symplegades, The very first that sailed upon the seas! Nurse: My child, I did not extol your excess When I found out about your lawlessness Against the Trojan woman, and likewise Your excess fear I cannot eulogize. 830 Your spouse won't leave you, having listened to A foreign woman's paltry words. For you Have not ben taken as a captive – he Has a large dowry and you're the progeny Of an important man and you were bred In a most wealthy city. Do not dread That he'll abandon you. Go in and do Not show yourself before the house lest you Fall in disgrace. [enter Orestes] Chorus: A stranger urgently Is coming here. Orestes: You foreign maids, tell me -840 Is this the house of Neoptolemus? Chorus: It is. But who are you to ask of us?

Orestes:

Orestes, Agamemnon's son. I'm here Upon my way to hear Dodona's seer Of Zeus. But since I'm here, I wish to be Told if my kinswoman Hermione Of Sparta thrives, enjoying happiness. For though she lives far off, she nonetheless Is dear to me. Hermione: Cousin - like a retreat For storm-tossed sailors – at your feet I beg you to have pity for the grief You see me suffer. Bring me some relief! And let my arms, now wrapped around your knees, Act as a suppliant's wreaths and hear my pleas! Orestes: Do I make some mistake or do I see In truth Menelaus' child Hermione? Hermione: You do – I am the only daughter whom Helen conceived by him within her womb. Orestes: Phoebus, relieve us! Who's upsetting you? A god or human? Hermione: Partly blame is due To me, partly my husband, partly one Of all the gods. I'm totally undone!

850

860

Of all the gods. I'm to Orestes: Since you're yet childless, what else could it be

But husband trouble?

Hermione:

There's my misery -

You have it.

Orestes:

There's another in your stead?

Hermione:

There is – the spear-won girl whom Hector wed.

Orestes:

Two women for one man! A dreadful thing!

Hermione:

Yes, then I took revenge.

Orestes:

Maneuvering

With female wiles?

Hermione:

Oh, yes, I had a plot

To kill her and her bastard son.

Orestes:

But what 870

Mischance checked you? Or did you actually

Murder them?

Hermione:

No, Peleus prevented me

Because he pitied those who weren't born to

Nobility.

Orestes:

Did someone else help you?

Hermione: My father, yes. From Sparta with that plan He came. Orestes:

Defeated, though, by the old man? Hermione: Through shame, yes. Then he went away. Orestes:

I see.

For what you've done has he caused you to be

Afraid of him?

Hermione:

Yes. If he were to slay

Me, he'd be justified. What can one say? 880

Orestes:

I, in the name of Zeus, who's of our race,

Beg you to take me to some distant place

Or to my father's. This house seems to take

Upon itself a voice and in its wake

Would drive me forth. I'm hated here. My spouse,

If he comes from Dodona, to this house

Before then, he'll kill me in great disgrace

And I'll become a slave and take the place

Of her who has been mine.

Orestes:

Why did you, though,

Commit those dreadful things you speak of? Hermione:

Oh, 890

Bad women came and, speaking in this vein, Puffed up my folly: "How can you sustain The wretch within your house who's come to share A man with you? By the goddess, should she dare To dally with my husband, she would see The light no more." I listened foolishly. I have all that I need – why should I spy Upon my husband jealously since I Am rich, the mistress of my house and blessed With lawful babes, while she would have possessed 900 Bastards to serve my children. Never, never (I must repeat the word) should wise men ever Let women visit their wives, for they will teach Them evil – one will generate a breach Within their marriage with an eye to gain, Another, bare of virtue, would obtain A fellow-felon, others merely act Out of lewdness. Considering this fact, Guard well your houses, put both bolt and bar Upon your gates. Those female visits are 910 Nothing but trouble. Chorus: Ah, how violently You castigate your sex! And certainly

It's understandable, and yet it's still Fitting that women should conceal the ill That their own sex have undergone. For those Who've taught men tales proceeding from their foes Are wise. Once I'd heard of the disarray Within the house as well as your affray With Hector's wife, I stood watch, waiting here To see if you'd remain or, in your fear 920 Caused by the close call that Andromache Has undergone, you'd wish instead to flee. I have arrived here not out of respect Of your commands but that I might expect To speak with you, as I now clearly do, And take you hence. At the beginning you Were mine, but by your father's villainy Neoptolemus married you. But before he Stormed Troy, we were betrothed – then he gave you To Neoptolemus as fitting due 930 If he should sack the city. But when he Came back, I begged him to give you to me, Renouncing you (your father I forgave). I said my situation then was grave. I detailed everything for him and said That, as an exile, I could not be wed To anyone outside the family. But he refused my plea, insulting me For matricide. And then he spoke about The goddesses that drip gout after gout 940 Of blood, the Furies. The humiliation I felt for my domestic situation Caused me to brook the pain and misery And so I went away unwillingly, Deprived of you. Now in your wretchedness, Your ruination and your helplessness

I'll take you to your father – family Is strangely strong, and in calamity There's nothing better than a close-knit friend. Hermione: It is my father's business to attend

950

To whom I wed, not mine. Take me away

Quickly in order that my husband may

Not catch me here, nor that Peleus may know

That I'm abandoning the house and go

In hot pursuit.

Orestes:

Don't be concerned about The old man's interference. Be without Concern about your husband, too. To free You from this fear, there is a cunningly Wrought trap – a noose that he can't circumvent. But presently it is not my intent 960 To tell of it: but Delphi's rocky height Shall know all when my plans are brought to light. Then if my allies in the Pythian land Don't break their oath to me, he'll understand, Though I'm a matricide, he cannot be Allowed to wed her who belongs to me. His plea to Phoebus that he may be paid Requital for his father's death will aid Him not at all but prove a bitter pill. The fact of his changed inclination will 970 Do him no good – hell pay the penalty From Lord Apollo and my calumny.

He'll die in pain and thereby learn the hate Of Lord Apollo who his enemies' fate Transforms from good to bad – they're not allowed, By reason of his orders, to be proud. Chorus: Phoebus, who built high-walled Troy's promontory, And you, Lord of the Deep, who ride the sea Upon your chariot, why did you strip Your hands of all your cunning craftsmanship 980 And put it in the hands of Lord Ares And thereby multiply Troy's miseries? Many fair chariot-steeds you yoked along The Simois, and there was such a throng Of deadly contests where, lamentably, No wreaths were granted for each victory. The heirs of Ilus are all dead and gone And no more does the fire gleam upon Troy's scentless altars. Agamemnon's wife Slaughtered him, and for that she lost her life 990 At her own children's hands. The curse that fell On Atreus is once more alive and well -For here from Argos comes Agamemnon's son, And on Apollo's inmost shrine he's won The god as his ally, although he slew His mother. Phoebus, can this yet be true? So many women sing out their lament That tells of wretched men whose spouses went In search of other men. Not you alone Or your close kin for cruel grief make moan. 1000

It is a plague that Greece has undergone, And yet this pestilence has dropped upon The fertile fields of Phrygia as well As trickling death upon the people fell. [enter Peleus] Peleus: Ladies, I've heard some news that isn't clear, That Menelaus' daughter's gone from here. So I've come here to find out if it's true. For those at home must care for loved ones who Are overseas. Chorus: It's true, and I won't screen The troubles that are in our midst. The queen 1010 Has from the palace disappeared in flight. Peleus: In fear of what? Go on. Chorus: She was in fright She'd be expelled by Neoptolemus. Peleus: Perhaps because she was solicitous Of murdering the boy? Chorus: In terror, too, Of that Andromache, her slave. Peleus: But who Went with her? Menelaus?

Chorus: No, she went With Orestes. Peleus: Why is that? You mean he meant To marry her? Chorus: That's right, he did, and he Planned Neoptolemus' death. Peleus: Clandestinely 1020 Or in an open battle? Chorus: With divine Support in Delphi at Apollo's shrine. Peleus: How terrible! Go speedily, someone, And bring back news before Achilles' son Is killed. [enter Messenger] Messenger: I have such dreadful news to tell To you, old sir, and to your kin as well. Peleus: O my prophetic soul! I guess what you Must say. Messenger: Your grandson's dead, stabbed by those who Aided Orestes. [Peleus staggers back] Chorus:

Oh, sir, stand up tall!

Peleus:

I'm dead, destroyed, I have lost all Power of speech! My limbs have failed me, too! Messenger: You must avenge your family, but you Must stand and listen.

Peleus:

Beneath fate I sink,

A wretched man upon the farthest brink

Of old age. But how did he die? Although

The news is past all hearing, even so

I wish to hear.

Messenger:

When to the glorious land

Of Phoebus we had come, three days we spanned

In gazing on it. But suspiciously

The people gathered round. The progeny1040

Of Agamemnon spoke in each man's ear

Throughout the town these words, hostile to hear:

"Do you observe that fellow wandering through

Apollo's shrine filled full of gold? Do you

See him around the people's treasury?

Well, this is now the second time that he

Has come here, for he means to rake away

Apollo's treasures." And upon that day

All hell broke loose. The elders flocked into

The council-chamber, and those people who 1050

Were in charge of the deity's property

Agreed to post a sentry there. But we Knew nothing of these things, but, borrowing Some sheep from Mt. Parnassus pasturing Upon the grass, went to the shrine nearby The prophets and officials there. Then I Heard someone ask Achilles' progeny, "What would you have us ask the deity That you would like? Why are you here, young man?" He answered, "I am hoping that I can 1060 Atone for something that I did some time Ago against the god – it was the crime Of seeking redress for my father's death." Immediately, the people with one breath Said that he lied and had been scandalous. Then up the steps went Neoptolemus To pray to Phoebus. But in ambush lay Armed men, screened by some shaded boughs of bay. Orestes was the kingpin of these men. Before those people Neoptolemus then 1070 Was praying to the god when they emerged From where they lay and with their sharp swords surged Forward and wounded him, because he wore No armour, and therefore he gave ground (for The wounds weren't fatal), drew his sword and took His armour which was hanging on a hook Upon the temple-wall, and made his stance Upon the shrine, fearsome even to glance Upon, and yelled: "Why try to murder me? I'm on a mission of great piety." 1080

They pelted him with stones, their sole reply, And, battered by the missiles they let fly Every which way, his armour he applied To ward off their attack on every side. In their assault his enemies had no luck – Darts, spears, two-pointed spits that they'd once stuck Into an ox fell at his feet. Then you Would then have seen the weapons that they threw Repulsed as in a pyrrhic dance display By the youth in his zeal. However, when they 1090 Encircled him and barely gave him space To breathe, he left the sacrificial place With his famed Trojan leap and charged them. They, Like doves spying a hawk, scampered away. Many from wounds he had inflicted, fell, But many gave each other wounds as well The gate being narrow. An unholy cry Came from those holy halls, and way up high It smote the rocky cliffs. Once the melee Had passed, he stood bathed in the gleaming ray 1100 Of armour till out of the shrine there rang The dreadful, chilling voice that roused the clang Of battle. Then the son of Achilles fell, Struck in his side, but many more as well Were laid low. As he lay upon the ground, Those who were standing yet gathered around With stones or rocks to strike him. Hideously His handsome form was rent apart. When he Lay dead next to the altar, they all flung

Him from that holy place where incense hung 1110 Upon the air. We took him hastily Into our arms and brought him here to be Mourned and interred. The son of Achilles Thus treated by the god of prophecies, Who judges justice for all men, although He craved amends! Those feuds from long ago He still recalls, just like a wicked man. Can this be wise? I do not think it can. [enter cortege] Chorus: Here is our lord, from Delphi carried here, So luckless. Luckless, too, are you, I fear, 1120 Old sir. Not as you hoped, take your grandson. You bear the selfsame fate as those who've done Foul deeds. Peleus: Oh, what disaster do I see That meets me now! City of Thessaly, I'm dead – no children, no-one of my race Is left. What wretched misery do I face! Who shall console me? Son, whom I shall miss, Would you had died beside the Simois! Chorus: Ah, yes, for thus in death he would have been Honoured, and more good fortune you'd have seen. 1130 Peleus: Marriage has crushed my house, my city – all! For Neoptolemus has caused to fall A burden on his children's lives, for he

Unfortunately wed Hermione. Would he were struck by lightning! And indeed I wish that he, a man, had felt no need For archer Lord Apollo who had slain Your god-born father. Chorus: Ah, the loss, the pain! I shall begin my dirge. Peleus: Similarly I'll take up the lament. Ah, misery! 1140 Chorus: This was a deity's doing. Peleus: You have left The house deprived. Dear son, I am bereft Of children. Chorus: It was right for you to die, Old man, before your children. Peleus: Shall not I Tear at my hair and strike upon my head A blow to end it all? Two sons, both dead! Chorus: Unlucky man, you've felt such misery In your old age. What, then, will your life be Hereafter? Peleus:

My misfortune has no rein –	
Until my death unhappiness will I drain	1150
Down to the dregs.	
Chorus:	
Your marriage fruitlessly	
The gods have blessed.	
Peleus:	
All that felicity	
Is gone, beyond high-flying boasts.	
Chorus:	
You o	lwell
In loneliness.	
Peleus:	
I'm dead. City, farewell!	
Farewell, my sceptre! Thetis, you see me	
Fallen into the utmost misery	
From your dark cave. [enter Thetis]	
Chorus:	
Alas, what	's happening?
Look, there's a deity – I see her wing	
Her way through the bright air. I see her tread	I
On Phthia's pastures.	
Thetis:	
Once we shared a bed,	1160
Peleus, and so I've come. I counsel you	
To bear up in your troubles, for I, too,	
Who ought not to have borne our progeny	

To make me weep, since I'm a deity, Begotten by a god, have lost the boy I had of you – Achilles, slain in Troy, The swiftest, noblest of the Argive force. But listen, and I'll tell to you the source Of my arrival here. For you must bear His son to Delphi's shrine. Inter him there, 1170 To all the Delphian folk a calumny. His grave will claim Orestes violently Slew him. Andromache I must demand Must go to dwell in the Molossian land, Wed Helenus and take her son, for he Is last of the Aeacan family. It's fated that his heirs will rule that place In wealth, creating a perpetual race. Our race is safe, and that of Troy as well, Because the gods safeguard it, though it fell 1180 By Pallas' will. Since we were wed, let me Release you from a mortal's misery And deify you – as god and goddess We'll live together in unendingness, And there you'll see your darling son and mine Living on the inhospitable brine On Leuke, though you'll be dry-shod. Repair To holy Delphi. Bury this man there, And then go to Leucas's promontory And sit there in the cave and wait for me 1190 And my escort of fifty Nereids, who Will guide you. For it's Zeus's will that you

Should carry out his course. So cease your woe Over the dead, for death is what men owe To the gods.

Peleus:

Farewell to my respected wife, Worthy of those to whom you've given life, And of yourself as well. Now I'll desist From all my misery, as you insist. Once he's interred, to Pelion I'll go Where you fair form I clasped so long ago. 1200 Chorus: There are so many shapes of divinity And many things have unexpectedly Be given us by the gods. And it was thus The story went that you've now heard from us.